

The Weekly Valley Herald.

A. L. DU TOIT & Co. Proprietor.

TERMS, \$150, Per Annum

VOLUME 12

CHASKA, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JULY 2 1874

NUMBER 46

DELINQUENT TAX LIST OF CARVER COUNTY, MINN.

State of Minnesota,
County of Carver.

District Court,
First Judicial District.

The State of Minnesota to all persons, companies or corporations who have or claim any estate, right, title or interest in or to any land in the list hereto attached described: The list of taxes on real estate for the County of Carver remaining delinquent on the first day of June A. D. 1874, has been filed in the office of said Clerk of the District Court in the County of Carver, of which hereto attached is a copy.

There are, you and each of you are hereby required to file in the office of said Clerk within twenty (20) days after the last publication of this notice, your claim or defense, setting forth any objection or defense you may have to the taxes on or to any parcel of land described in said list, or to any claim or defense you may have to any estate, right, title or interest in or to any land in or to which you have or claim any estate, right, title or interest, claim or defense, and in default of appearing against it and for all penalties, interest and costs.

(Signed) G. KRAYENBUHL,
Clerk of the District Court in the County of Carver.

A list of lands and Town lots in the County of Carver and State of Minnesota upon which taxes are delinquent and unpaid on this first day of June 1874 for the year 1873.

TAXES FOR THE YEAR 1873.

TOWN OF BENTON.

Township 115, Range 25.

Names of Owners. Sub-division of Section. No. of Acres. Amount of Tax.

Thomas R. May, n/4 sec. 1, 120 11.33

Mathias Machren n/4 sec. 1, 40 3.88

John G. Gschmidt n/4 sec. 2, 80 6.87

Henry Cramer 20-60-100 acres in w/4 of sec. 2, 25 65-69 5.53

John Hange n/4 sec. 3, 20 1.03

John Ebersviller n/4 sec. 3, 20 1.03

Maria Anna Ebersviller w/4 sec. 3, 20 1.03

Otto Sudmann n/4 sec. 3, 20 1.03

John Ebersviller n/4 sec. 3, 20 1.03

John Ebersviller n/4 sec. 3, 20 1.03

Maria Anna Ebersviller w/4 sec. 3, 20 1.03

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John Ebersviller n/4 sec. 3, 20 1.03

TOWN OF HANCOCK.

Township 114, Range 25.

Names of Owners. Sub-division of Section. No. of Acres. Amount of Tax.

Caroline Hanschild n/4 sec. 2, 80 7.00

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Town of Chaska.										Town of Carver.									
Township 115, Range 23.										Township 115, Range 23.									
Harriet M. Kates lots 2 and 3.										Harriet M. Kates lots 2 and 3.									
100 acres in lot 1 & 5	2	117	30	29	11	23				100 acres in lot 1 & 5	2	117	30	29	11	23			
John & Valentin Heise	2	54	15	11	25					John & Valentin Heise	2	54	15	11	25				
George Ulmer 20 acres in lot 1 & 2 and part of	3	20	414							George Ulmer 20 acres in lot 1 & 2 and part of	3	20	414						
Frederick Heineke 50 50	4	59	46	20	19					Frederick Heineke 50 50	4	59	46	20	19				
Jacob Schuchter 1/2 of	5	20	6	25						Jacob Schuchter 1/2 of	5	20	6	25					
John P. H. Moser w/2 of	5	20	6	25						John P. H. Moser w/2 of	5	20	6	25					
Jacob Zimmermann in	5	25	3	32						Jacob Zimmermann in	5	25	3	32					
Jacob May 1 acre in w/2 of	1	3	82							Jacob May 1 acre in w/2 of	1	3	82						
John Lawine 7 ac. s. c. corner of w/2 of ne 1/4	7	9	40							John Lawine 7 ac. s. c. corner of w/2 of ne 1/4	7	9	40						
Henry Kenning 3 acres in	5	3	108							Henry Kenning 3 acres in	5	3	108						
Andrew Ross 1/2 of w/2	4	8	32							Andrew Ross 1/2 of w/2	4	8	32						
August Rueders 1/2 acre in	5	1	31							August Rueders 1/2 acre in	5	1	31						
Henry Hamers w/2 of	3	30	13	00						Henry Hamers w/2 of	3	30	13	00					
100 acres in lot 1 & 5	3	30	13	00						100 acres in lot 1 & 5	3	30	13	00					
Henry Hamers 10	10	2	97							Henry Hamers 10	10	2	97						
Peter Claassen 12 29	13	23	3	34						Peter Claassen 12 29	13	23	3	34					
100 acres in lot 1 & 5	13	23	3	34						100 acres in lot 1 & 5	13	23	3	34					
Henry Moser w/2 of ne 1/4	5	49	9	72						Henry Moser w/2 of ne 1/4	5	49	9	72					
T. D. Smith 43 64 100	5	49	9	72						T. D. Smith 43 64 100	5	49	9	72					
100 acres in w/2 of lot 1 & 5	5	49	9	72						100 acres in w/2 of lot 1 & 5	5	49	9	72					
August Rueders 5 25	5	5	25	2	47					August Rueders 5 25	5	5	25	2	47				
100 acres in lot 1 & 5	5	5	25	2	47					100 acres in lot 1 & 5	5	5	25	2	47				
Henry Moser 11 32	9	11	80	2	88					Henry Moser 11 32	9	11	80	2	88				
100 acres in lot 1 & 5	9	11	80	2	88					100 acres in lot 1 & 5	9	11	80	2	88				
Mercator & Theod. van	6	40	8	32						Mercator & Theod. van	6	40	8	32					
Schuren & John A.	6	20	12	15						Schuren & John A.	6	20	12	15					
Theodore Van Schuren	6	20	12	15						Theodore Van Schuren	6	20	12	15					
John Nentgens 1/2 of	6	80	17	32						John Nentgens 1/2 of	6	80	17	32					
set	6	80	17	32						set	6	80	17	32					
Jacob Zimmermann 1/2	6	40	9	72						Jacob Zimmermann 1/2	6	40	9	72					
of lot 1 & 5	6	40	9	72						of lot 1 & 5	6	40	9	72					
Peter J. Jaspers w/2 of	6	80	23	01						Peter J. Jaspers w/2 of	6	80	23	01					
lot 1 & 5	6	80	23	01						lot 1 & 5	6	80	23	01					
Michael Zanger 1/2 of	6	80	26	01						Michael Zanger 1/2 of	6	80	26	01					
lot 1 & 5	6	80	26	01						lot 1 & 5	6	80	26	01					
Michael Guenzler part	6	75	65	35	32					Michael Guenzler part	6	75	65	35	32				
of w/2	6	75	65	35	32					of w/2	6	75	65	35	32				
Allexandra Rachel 10	6	10	4	14						Allexandra Rachel 10	6	10	4	14					
acres in ne 1/4 of ne 1/4	6	10	4	14						acres in ne 1/4 of ne 1/4	6	10	4	14					
Joseph Stuken w/2 of	7	80	13	86						Joseph Stuken w/2 of	7	80	13	86					
lot 1 & 5	7	80	13	86						lot 1 & 5	7	80	13	86					
Henry Sauerbreij 1/2 of	7	80	27	72						Henry Sauerbreij 1/2 of	7	80	27	72					
lot 1 & 5	7	80	27	72						lot 1 & 5	7	80	27	72					
Geo. Henry Kloss w/2 & 1/2	7	114	65	24	25					Geo. Henry Kloss w/2 & 1/2	7	114	65	24	25				
of lot 1 & 5	7	114	65	24	25					of lot 1 & 5	7	114	65	24	25				
John Schug 1/2 of w/2	7	114	65	24	25					John Schug 1/2 of w/2	7	114	65	24	25				
Joseph Veit set exc.	7	114	29	46						Joseph Veit set exc.	7	114	29	46					
Xaver Oehmsorg w/2 of	7	114	29	46						Xaver Oehmsorg w/2 of	7	114	29	46					
lot 1 & 5	7	114	29	46						lot 1 & 5	7	114	29	46					
John H. Klobbe 40 acs	8	40	8	22						John H. Klobbe 40 acs	8	40	8	22					
in w/2	8	40	8	22						in w/2	8	40	8	22					
Aloisius Van Schuren	8	20	12	15						Aloisius Van Schuren	8	20	12	15					
20 acres in w/2	8	20	12	15						20 acres in w/2	8	20	12	15					
Geo. Ulmer 10-60-100	8	5	10	62	37					Geo. Ulmer 10-60-100	8	5	10	62	37				
acres in set exc. 5 acs	8	5	10	62	37					acres in set exc. 5 acs	8	5	10	62	37				
Charles Moschler 3	8	1	20	6	93					Charles Moschler 3	8	1	20	6	93				
acres in w/2 of ne 1/4	8	1	20	6	93					acres in w/2 of ne 1/4	8	1	20	6	93				
set except 80-100 acs	8	1	20	6	93					set except 80-100 acs	8	1	20	6	93				
Henry Kenning 9	8	9	3	15						Henry Kenning 9	8	9	3	15					
acres in set	8	9	3	15						acres in set	8	9	3	15					
Simon Meyer 1 acre in	8	1	1	75						Simon Meyer 1 acre in	8	1	1	75					
set	8	1	1	75						set	8	1	1	75					
Frank Miesler 1-25-100	8	1	25	1	08					Frank Miesler 1-25-100	8	1	25	1	08				
acres in set	8	1	25	1	08														

MISSING ISSUE

Date: Jul 9 1874

MINNESOTA FARMERS MUTUAL FIRE ASSOCIATION

OF MINNEAPOLIS

It has been in operation eight years and has insured only farm property, and has a large list of insureds, over one hundred thousand dollars.

It is a purely farmers' company controlled by a board of over forty directors, chosen by the members from the farming community, and it insures the rates charged by any other company doing business in the State.

Its Principles

are cooperative, each party insured paying on the proportion of the actual losses and expenses.

Patrons of the Company

It has now passed under the control of the order of Patrons of Husbandry, having been recommended by the State Grange at its last session, every officer and all but three of the directors are members of the Grange.

1st President is Hon. J. O. PARSONS, of Spang Valley, Ramsey County.

Vice President, Hon. J. O. PARSONS, of Wisconsin, Master of the State Grange.

Treasurer, Hon. J. O. PARSONS, of St. Paul, Minn.

Secretary, W. A. NIMMOCKS, of Minneapolis.

Director for Carver County, J. O. PARSONS.

For full information respecting the Company and its workings, apply to Paul B. Bissell, or to the general office of Minneapolis.

W. A. NIMMOCKS, Sec'y.

KENNING BROS.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

Manufacturers of Doors, Sash, Windows, Flooring, Siding and all kinds of mouldings and planing and sawing done to order.

Also

Carpenters and Builders

Doors and window frames made to order.

These buildings erected, or may work done commenced above, had better give a call before giving elsewhere. Work done cheap and guaranteed to be of first class quality.

KENNING & BROS.

The "SILVER TONGUE" ORGANS

The best ORGAN of the best class in the world.

The Best for Churches and Lodges.

The Best for Sunday Schools.

The Best for Parlors and Vestries.

The Best for Academies and Colleges.

The Best for Public Halls.

The Best for Churches and Stage.

These instruments, which for centuries of time and experience of adaptation and variety of sound, have with unbroken success in all countries and in all times.

MANUFACTURED BY

J. P. NEEDHAM & SON

ESTABLISHED IN 1846

No. 115 & 117 East 2nd St., N. Y.

Responsible parties applying for agencies in any state still unoccupied, will receive prompt attention and liberal inducements. Parties sending in a reference from our authorized agents, may order from our factory. Send for illustrated price list.

WASHINGTON HOUSE

CHASKA MINN.

JOHN KERKER, Prop.

Board by day or week for reasonable prices. First class cabaret and first class stabling attached to the premises.

Travelers will find themselves at home with me.

WAGONS WAGONS

JOSEPH ELLIS

It is now in hand and is constantly manufacturing.

LUMBER WAGONS, LIGHT DOUBLE AND SINGLE WAGONS AND BUGGIES

He will sell cheap and guarantee satisfaction to his customers.

The main need of any thing in his line will do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

All kinds of repairing done on short notice. Call at his shop. The large brown colored two story building just above Bartlett's on Chaska Minn.

DR. E. B. LEWIS

OFFICE FOR PRACTICE OF

Medicine and Surgery.

A. B. TUTT'S DRUG STORE

CARVER MINN.

Subscribe for the Valley Herald, the only County paper.

HOMER ITEMS

HERALD AGENT CARVER - G. A. Du Toit

Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway

Trains going North, depart:

6:55 A. M.

7:00 A. M.

8:00 A. M.

8:25 A. M.

S. W. LUSH, Agent.

H. & D. TRAINS.

Going West, 10:00 P. M. Going East, 4:35 A. M.

Shakopee, Chaska & Carver Accommodation Trains.

CONNECTING WITH ALL TRAINS OF SIOUX CITY R. R.

Going West, 8:25 A. M.

10:00 A. M.

2:00 P. M.

6:00 P. M.

Trains arrive and depart from the Chaska depot as follows:

Going North, 5:55 A. M.

Going South, 8:25 P. M.

Dog Licence - The Village Trustees are after the dogs. They have issued their orders, to Marshall Ramsdell and every one knows that Charlie obeys orders. Therefore get a licence or shut up your dogs.

New Warehouse - Mr. Linenfelser & Faber have nearly completed their new warehouse. It is located near the track of the M. & St. L. R. R. and a few rods east of the depot. It is a large fine looking building and will enable Messrs. Linenfelser & Faber to carry on their large wheat trade with less inconvenience than they have experienced heretofore.

Harvest - The farmers have already commenced cutting their barley and winter grain. The spring crops will ripen rapidly this year, and the farmers find their hands full of business for the next few weeks.

DEPUTY SURVEYOR - John O'Brien has appointed his predecessor, Mr. H. J. Chevre deputy surveyor. Those desiring his services will take notice.

Court House Repairs - The repairs on the court house, ordered by the county commissioners, are about completed. The appearance of the building both inside and outside, is greatly improved.

Carver and Victoria Road - At the last session of the Board of County Commissioners, a road leading from the Wagonia and Chaska road to the Chaska and Victoria road, over the lands of Messrs. Grimm, Wolff, Pinken, St. John and others was laid out. An appeal was taken from the decision of the county commissioners to justice H. S. of this village by most of the parties over whose land the road passes.

The matter came on for trial on Saturday last before a jury empanelled by justice H. S. The determination of the commissioners was reversed by the jury, and all proceedings had by them relative to the road set aside.

Improvements - Several new buildings have made their appearance in different parts of this village during the last two weeks. It is safe to say that more dwelling houses will be erected here this season than any previous year.

Sold - The stock of goods belonging to the estate of Henry Young deceased was sold last week to Fletcher Loring and Eyre of Minneapolis, who intend to establish a branch store at this place.

We understand that Mr. Calo, formerly of Excelsior, is going to reopen the store lately occupied by Kerker & Vaartz with a full line of Dry Goods and Groceries, about the 25th of this month.

We understand we are to have a musical serenade every Saturday evening, by the young German Brass Band at the Minneapolis Resort, where the public can find the best of Ice Cream, Sarsaparilla, and other refreshments that will be served in a gentlemanly manner.

Closed Out - The stock of hardware of Kerker & Vaartz was sold out at auction this week.

Moved - Thies & Wolf have moved into the store lately occupied by Daniel Stone. Their former quarters was too small for their large and increasing business.

Wagonia and Chaska Road - Considerable work has already been done on the new Chaska and Wagonia road, and it is expected that it will be open for travel in a few weeks.

Notice - The undersigned, heretofore existing between E. B. Lewis and the undersigned, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. Those desiring any thing in the past and future will not fail to call on Mr. Lewis.

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PERSONAL

There were several arrests in and out of town this week.

Mr. Sauerbach assigned a boy at the auction of Kerker & Vaartz, because some one picked him up with a saw; it only cost him several dollars.

A person by the name of Althoff residing in the country, enjoyed the unspeakable pleasure of abusing his wife and then armed himself with a rusty revolver and awaited the appearance of the sheriff. In this manner Mr. Logelin, constable, found him asleep with his terrible engine of war by his side, he now is one of the county archives in the vault for safe keeping.

SELLING OUT FOR CASH - Our enterprising Merchant Tailor, Mr. John Frank, will for the next thirty days sell clothing for cash, those in want of a suit or part of one will do well to call on him and see his splendid stock of men's wear, he charges nothing for examination. Come and see for yourselves.

DIED - In Minneapolis Minn. on Sunday evening July 12th, Mary Adeline Griffin, wife of Dr. Wm. A. Griffin of Carver, aged 41 years.

In the death of this estimable lady society loses one of its most valuable members, and the husband and children a loving wife and mother. She passed away to that "happy home," quietly and pleasantly, surrounded by her husband, children and friends, prepared to meet death with a brave heart. She had been unwell for a long time, and for the last eight weeks confined to her bed, receiving the best of medical attention and care, but no human power, could save her.

Mrs. Griffin had been a resident of Carver, we believe for the last 15 years, and was beloved by all who formed her acquaintances. Wherever sickness prevailed, there she was sure to be. She was really an "Angel of Mercy" among the afflicted, and many will mourn for her loss. She leaves a family, consisting of husband, a daughter and two sons, who have the sympathy of the community, in their sorrowful affliction.

The funeral took place on Tuesday, it being one of the largest we ever saw in the County. Rev. Mr. Sheldon of Excelsior, assisted by Rev. Mr. Benson officiating.

II. W. Basse is around again. If he does not succeed in the insurance business it will be a wonder. He is always on hand. He is strait forward and honest and has the confidence of the people. Such men always win.

Conveyance of Real Estate on record June 17th to July 1st A. D. 1874.

W. Deed. John Dunn to H. J. G. Cusick & C. D. Lungee part of lots 5 and 6 blk 29 Carver. \$3,500.00

W. Deed. Daniel Stone to Adolph E. Schenck 32 x 60 feet of lot 5 blk 28 Chaska. \$1,500.00

W. Deed. Herman Schlenker to Christian Single lots 8 and 9 blk 39 Wagonia. 100.00

W. Deed. Sohn Neuninger to Linenfelser & Faber 1-100 acre of vacant land in Chaska. 108.45

W. Deed. John Mattingly Vanderloft to Christian Ramackers 6 1/2 acres in w. q. R. 14 T. 115 R. 25. 140.00

W. Deed. Jno. Gustafson dec'd by Adm'r to John Knudsen 1 1/2 blk. 111 R. 25 T. 115 R. 25. 250.00

W. Deed. Henry Raft to Christian Hebeisen 3-100 acres in 1/2 of blk 111 R. 25 T. 115 R. 25. 250.00

W. Deed. Adolphus Bros. to Anton Putzke 1/2 of blk 111 R. 25 T. 115 R. 25. 250.00

W. Deed. Christian Hebeisen to John Koehler 1/2 of blk 24 and 3-4 blk 100 acres in 1/2 of blk 25 T. 115 R. 25. 2,700.00

W. Deed. Frederick Polsson to Wilhelm Schenck 1/2 of blk 8 S. 8 T. 115 R. 25. 275.00

W. Deed. Peter H. Radmacher to Joseph Anders 72-100 acres in 1/2 of blk 25 T. 115 R. 25. 1,000.00

W. Deed. Joseph Anders to Peter H. Radmacher 70-100 acres in 1/2 of blk 25 T. 115 R. 25. 1,000.00

W. Deed. Trustees of school dist. No. 17 to Adam Fisher 1/2 acre in 1/2 of blk 111 R. 25 T. 115 R. 25. 500.00

W. Deed. Trustees of school dist. No. 17 to Nicholas Swanson 1/2 acre in 1/2 of blk 111 R. 25 T. 115 R. 25. 500.00

W. Deed. Chas. E. Vandenberg to Valentine Klobe 1/2 of blk 23 T. 115 R. 25. 500.00

W. Deed. First Div. St. Paul & Pacific R. R. Co. to Joseph Knott 1/2 of blk 23 T. 115 R. 25. 500.00

W. Deed. Lars Swanson's heirs by Guardian to John G. Knott 1/2 of blk 23 T. 115 R. 25. 500.00

W. Deed. Johanna Swanson et aline to John G. Knott 1/2 of blk 23 T. 115 R. 25. 500.00

W. Deed. Edward Burns to Peter Campbell 1/2 of blk 23 T. 115 R. 25. 500.00

W. Deed. Edward Martin to August Faber 1/2 of blk 23 T. 115 R. 25. 500.00

W. Deed. A. F. Bauer to Chas. Zeyer lots 2, 3, 4 and 5 blk 38 Wagonia. 100.00

W. Deed. John & Schrimpf to Francis Hasselblad lot 2 blk 3 Carver 800.00

W. Deed. Francis Hasselblad to Eva Sustina Schrimpf lot 2 blk 3 Carver 800.00

NOTICE

All persons indebted to the estate of Henry Young will please call and settle up their accounts within 10 days from this date, or accounts will be made.

GEO. A. DU TOIT, Administrator

Chaska Minn. July 15th 1874.

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In Arizona.
BY JOAQUIN MILLER.
How broken by the steep descent!
How barren! How desolate!
By earthquake-shock, the land lay dead.
Like some proud King in old time slain.
An angry skeleton, it gleamed
In burning sands. The fiery rain
Of these volcanoes here had sown
Ashes. Burnt, and black, and seamed
With thunder-strokes, and strewn
With cinders. Yes, so overthrown,
That wilder men than we had said,
On seeing this, with gathered breath,
"We come on the confines of death!"

And yet here lay, in ashes lay,
Beside this dead and dripping sea—
This with white foam and long sand—
This land that seemed to know no end,
While great round wheels ground mournfully—
A city older than that gray
And grass-grown tower built when
Confusion cursed the tongue of men.

And groaning wheels moved here and there,
Plored dead in earth, and broke anew
Old broken wheels and fallow sand.
Old bits of vessels that had grown
As countless ages cycled through,
Inhabited into common stone.

The white we move down to the sea,
The still, white, shining sea of sand.
So grand with all its grandeur gone,
Some one would sleep, eye curiously,
Back from the ground, turn quick in hand,
Thin bits of pictured rot—
Toes these aside, and no pace on.

We would below a sudden bluff
That lifted from its sea-enclosed base
A wall with chimneys and towers rolled
And deep by some long-perished race;
And here strange houses, unnamed, unknown
Stood dimly lined against the stone.

Below, before, and far away,
They reached the white arm of a bay—
A broad bay, turned to sand and stone,
Where ships had come and breakers rolled
When Sirens were yet unnamed,
And Nimrod's hunting-fields unknown.
Beneath, a silent city lay
That in its majesty had shamed
The well-known conqueror of old.

Some great city, old from out the grass
That grew in tufts by shattered stone,
Then below came broken masonry
Of ruins older than the East.
That time had eaten, as a bone
Is eaten by a savage beast.

Great, dull-colored rattlesnakes—they lay
All loose, yellow, and sleek
Cold light as snakes in the sun,
With flat heads that through the centre run
Then struck out slowly, the rattling cry
That belied down the dusty way.

Two pink-eyed hawks, white-winged and gray,
Screamed savagely, then circled high,
And, screaming still in mad desire,
Grew dim and died against the sky.

Two grasses faded, and then a mass
Of dry, red earth ruled the land;
The sun rose high above, and fell
As falling mists from the skies,
And no winged thing was seen to pass.

Then started sage sea looms in sand,
Right hand with right hand, then came
Low-white oaks, and oaks of shade,
Where white oaks sat with bent hills looked
Beneath their gray, waving night;
Then great striped hands, with eyes bright
As jet, shot through the brown, thin grass,
Made one wild, cold, and all alone,
Then stepped, then looked, then lifted high
On crooked legs, and looked and looked.

—Overland Monthly.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

Curiosities of Grating.

There are many curious facts about vegetable life. We can, for example, graft the apricot on the plum, and the peach on the apricot, and thus we may produce a tree with plum roots and apricot leaves. The wood, however, of the stem will consist of four distinct varieties, though formed of one continuous layer. Below the almond wood and bark we shall have perfect peach wood and bark, then plum apricot wood and bark, and at the bottom perfect plum wood and bark. In this curious instance we see the intimate correspondence between the bark and the leaf, for if we should remove the almond branches we might cause the several sorts of wood to develop buds and leafy twigs each of its own kind. Each section of the compound stem has its seat of life in the cambium layer, and the cambium of each reproduces the cells of its own species out of a common nutrient fluid.—Massachusetts Farmer.

Keeping Milk Sweet.

Sending milk to the cheese factory, says the Ohio Farmer, often attended, especially in the hot months of summer, by having the milk sour before it reaches its destination, and of course returned. This is more often the case when the owner lives at a considerable distance from the factory, and it is two and even three days on the road. To obviate this difficulty is what every dairyman (and woman too) desires, and to such a few hints may be of advantage. How often do we hear the farmer say, "If I only had a cool place to keep my milk, it would keep sweet." Yes, a cool place, but you have it, and you have not got it, so you must try something else. You have some place to keep it of course. Some shelves probably, upon which it is set. Now just tell Johnnie to take a board about an inch and a half thick, and saw it into blocks about two inches square. At night when you strain your milk, place three or four of these blocks near each pan. This will give the cool air a chance to circulate under as well as around the pan. Keep the window up as much as possible. If you are afraid that the cats will come in, get a piece of wire cloth and tack it over the opening. By this means you may have a cool place to keep your milk almost any place you may wish. If you are building a new milk room, or fixing over an old one, do not make your shelves of boards, but of two strips of timber about two inches apart, placed just far enough apart so that the pan will be upon them without tipping. This method will take less lumber, and is much better than the former, in hot weather, when the milk sours, and morning's milk until about the time the milk waxes cold again. It has a tendency to sour both more quickly than they otherwise would.

To Stop the Growth of Bolls.

Dr. Simon, of Louisiana, advocates a means of stopping bolls and furuncles which he declares infallible. As soon as he perceives on any part of the surface the characteristic redness of varying form and size, with a culminating point in the center which soon passes from red to white, he puts in a small quantity of camphorated alcohol, upon the palmar surface of the three middle fingers in the liquid, and gently rubs the inflamed surface, especially the central portion. This is repeated eight or

ten times, each time for about half a minute. The surface is then allowed to become quite dry, and a slight coating of camphorated olive oil is applied to prevent the evaporation of the alcohol. Bolls or furuncles seldom require more than four applications, and often a single one is enough to cause them to dry up and disappear. When several applications are needed, they should be made at intervals, say morning, midday, and evening. The same treatment is equally successful in whitlow, and all injuries of the tips of the fingers. As soon as pain and redness are perceived in the finger, it should be soaked for ten minutes in camphorated alcohol, then dried, and finally soaked in camphorated sweet oil. The relief is immediate, and three applications generally effect a perfect cure.

Practical Suggestions.

It takes eleven pounds of milk to add one pound live weight to a calf; and an ox that weighs one thousand three hundred pounds will consume twenty-two pounds of hay in twenty-four hours, and keep from losing weight. If he is to fatten he must have just twice that quantity, when he will gain two pounds a day. This is one pound live weight and one pound bone. To obtain one hundred fifty cents a hundred for his hay a farmer must sell fat steers at five dollars and fifty cents per hundred pounds.

Elder Evans, the Shaker, says: "For the past ten years we have treated fevers with hot water, and with varying success. Nothing, no blistering, no anything, but immersing the finger, hand, or even the whole arm if necessary, in water as hot as can be borne, until the pain is gone and the core is loosened and drawn from the bone. When rusty nails have produced wounds, the same course has been pursued. If the hand or foot, keep it in hot water."

The American Industrial Monthly says: "The most economical and satisfactory black paint we have ever used for work was by mixing about two quarts of coal tar with a pint of a pint and a half of benzole, which was laid on with a paint brush. This makes an excellent varnish for rough work, but it is not recommended, however, as a fine varnish for any finish work. Three years ago the iron fence and iron balustrade and hand-rails of our front steps were covered with such a varnish, while the iron-work of adjoining neighbors has been painted every year with oil and lamp-black and varnish. At the present time our fence looks much the best, and scarcely needs repainting, while the others really need coats of paint. A pint of coal tar and benzole will be found excellent for smearing the iron-work of farm implements. As benzole is somewhat volatile, no more paint should be prepared at one time than will be used immediately."

One of the most extraordinary phenomena ever witnessed in this country took place on the Fourth of July in Bergen county, New Jersey. About 3 p. m., in the village of Westwood, during the celebration of the day, a sudden darkness came over the village, and before the alarmed inhabitants could shut their doors, a violent storm of hail and rain descended upon the heads of the crowd. Hailstones two inches and a half in diameter, and as hard and heavy as cannon balls, came down in a furious shower. Hens and chickens were killed in large numbers; cows and horses were stunned. The frightened populace ran in every direction, seeking shelter in sheds, barns, and in every available spot. Fortunately, the storm did not last long, and the hail ceased to fall. A young lady named Miss Bogart was, however, struck on the head by one of the hailstones, and her wrist and arm frightfully lacerated. At the Ridge and Ridge, in the village, an enormous amount of damage was done. Not a single pane of glass was left in the building. The hailstones, however, as it may appear, did not actually break through the slate roof, as if they had been cannon balls. The storm covered an area of about twenty-five miles, stretching from the ridge to Kinderhook. The storm prevailed at its utmost at the Stations of Passaic and Ridgewood, which are on the Hackensack branch of the Erie Railroad, and the hail was everywhere riddled, as though a battle had been fought in the neighborhood. As late as 6 o'clock next morning hailstones were picked up at the station, the size of a walnut, and the hail was everywhere riddled, as though a battle had been fought in the neighborhood. As late as 6 o'clock next morning hailstones were picked up at the station, the size of a walnut, and the hail was everywhere riddled, as though a battle had been fought in the neighborhood. As late as 6 o'clock next morning hailstones were picked up at the station, the size of a walnut, and the hail was everywhere riddled, as though a battle had been fought in the neighborhood.

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ROMANCE AND TRAGEDY.
How a Terre Haute Barber Became President of the United States and the Richest Man in America.
From the Terre Haute Express.

Many of our old residents, say of twenty years ago, will remember an enterprising and very industrious barber, whose name was Edward J. Royce. How long he lived in Terre Haute the writer does not know. With his career in Africa and elsewhere I am familiar. In making his first trip to Africa, he took his goods out on freight, he himself being a passenger. The entire value of his invoice was not more than \$3,000. His keen foresight soon proved to him that the merchants of Western Africa seldom if ever exhibit any of the article called politeness. Fortunately for him, he was always well supplied with it, and to this day people tell of spending money with him for things they had little or no use for. Although he was taken down with the acclimating fever which every foreign constitution must pass through, he had but little trouble from that source. He often told me he had no time to bother with fever. In less than ten months from the time he sailed from New York, he was back with \$60,000 worth of oil, dye-wood, ivory and other Southern products, and in shaking hands and telling stories, he chartered half a brig in company with a white man, and about the time his friends in Africa looked for a letter, he had sailed for the harbor of Monrovia, laden with a good cargo, which was at this moment salable at his own rates. This was the beginning of the career in Africa of the most remarkable man of the age. The little black republic ever had within her border. Following the tidal wave of his good luck, he put off to England in a ship called the "Terre Haute," and in English goods, which in many instances are manufactured expressly to suit the African market—goods of peculiar make-up and color, known only to merchants in the West Indies and Africa. He made it to that movement was. He could go anywhere where the English held the trade and furnish both kinds of goods—English-American—some of which he had made in his own shop. Crossing from England to America, he made the acquaintance of the great house of Phelps, Dodge & Co., New York city, with whom he deposited a sum of money, and he was soon to be among first-class merchants, which resulted in his purchasing a vessel and loading her for Liberia, leaving behind him a reputation and money enough to make him a great man.

Sweet Cucumber Pickles.—A lady gives the following as her plan: Take the cucumbers that are too large for use, and pack them down in a barrel with hot water, and as you wish to use them, take out and freshen them. Place them in a brass or copper kettle if you wish them green. Pour cold water on, and set them on the stove where the water will get scalding, but not boiling hot. In this way they will be as plump and hard as when they were first picked. Always change the water as it becomes salt. When they are ready to use, wash them, knife them as possible, and cut them roundwise; then drain them well. Now, to every gallon of cucumbers take one gallon of vinegar, a pint of sugar, and spices to suit the taste: cinnamon, cloves, allspice, and a few grains of black pepper. When the liquor is boiled and the scum removed, it can be put in a barrel or a cask, and in a few minutes, when they are ready to put away. The liquor should be turned off and boiled a few times afterward. For common use they are nice made with molasses instead of sugar.

Hailstones the Size of Oranges.
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No. 17 & 19, Sibley St.

St. Paul, Minn.

BAXTER & PECK.

Attorneys at Law.

CHASKA, Minn.

Practice in all the Courts of the State, and
in the District Court, collections
promptly attended to.

J. C. OSWALD

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Bourbon and Rye Whis-
kies, Brandies, Gins,
Wines and Cigars.

No. 3 Pence Opera House,

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.

RECEIPTS

PINCK & THEOBALD.

Wholesale Dealer in

Liquors & Wines,

Direct Importers of

RHINE WINES,

321 Third St., between Exchange and Eagle
Streets.

St. Paul, Minn.

NEW

FURNITURE

AND

VARIETY STORE!

BY

VAN SLOAN & DOLTZ.

AT

Young's Old Stand, 2d St.

New Furniture of every description,
CHEAP FOR CASH.

Repairing of chairs, tables &c., done
neatly and promptly. Pictures framed on short
notice.

Garden City House.

—:—

CHASKA, Minn.

This hotel is newly furnished, and centrally
situated, with good stabling attached, offers
superior attraction to the public. Charges
moderate.

Wm. Brinkhaus, Prop.

SELLING OUT

The undersigned offers for sale his entire stock
of furniture, pictures, &c., at cost prices. Also
a pair of Princes Organ 5 octave double reed
cheap for cash.
Carrer March 5th 1874.

JOHN SNELL.

The Valley Herald

Official County Paper.

BY A. L. DU TOIT & Co.

CHASKA THURSDAY JULY 30 1874.

**Democratic and Liberal Co.
Convention.**

A Democratic and Liberal Convention for the
County of Carver will be held at the Court House
in the Village of Chaska,
ON SATURDAY AUGUST 29th, 1874,
at 12 o'clock M. to elect delegates to attend the
State and Congressional Conventions. Also to
nominate candidates for County Auditor and
State Senator.
The several Towns are entitled to repre-
sentation in said convention as follows:
Chaska 9, Hollywood 3, 2
Carver 4, Hanson 3, 3
Camden 3, Laketown 3, 3
Chanhassen 7, San Francisco 1, 1
Benton 4, Waconia 1, 1
Dubuque 4, Watertown 5, 5
Young America 7
Dated July 25th 1874.
ALBERT KOHLER,
Chrm. Dem. County Committee.

A HEROIC DEED.

We are Conduct of a Fireman on

the West Wisconsin Road.

One of those gallant and heroic deeds,
the recital of which causes the blood to
tingle with admiration, was performed
yesterday on the West Wisconsin road.
The train which arrived here at 5:30 p.
m. yesterday left Chicago at the regular
hour, and came booming along without
incident until it reached a point between
Menomonee and Elk Mound, some fifty
miles from St. Paul. The train was
running at the rate of twenty miles an
hour, when on turning a curve in the
road Engineer Morrison saw a short
distance ahead of the train a small child
not over three years of age standing in
the middle of the track looking at the
advancing train with all the fearless im-
pudence of childhood, unconscious of its
fearful peril. The sight was enough to
unravel the stoutest heart, but engineer
Morrison did not lose his presence of
mind. He instantly whistled down
brakes and applied the Westinghouse air
brakes, which are attached to all pas-
senger trains on the West Wisconsin
road. This prompt action, however,
would have been unavailing to save the
child, which must have been crushed to
a jelly, but for the heroic conduct of
Mr. James Bassford, the fireman on the
engine. Mr. Bassford saw the child at
the same moment with Morrison, and
knew at once that the train could not
stop in time to save its life. As quick
as a flash he ran out on the engine and
down on the cow catcher, and had just
time to leap with the intention of catch-
ing the child and bounding with it off
the track. He was not quick enough,
however, to accomplish his intention,
but he struck the child which fell down
between a couple of ties, when the train
struck it and, fortunately, throwing him
off the track and down the embankment.
He escaped with a few bruises. Near-
ly true the air brakes had done their work
and the train was brought to a halt.
Conductor Kemp was on the ground in
an instant, and a word was enough to
put him in possession of the facts. A
search disclosed the child lying as it
fell and immediately under the fire box
of the engine, from which perilous po-
sition it was rescued by conductor Kemp
in the arms of his mother, who had
witnessed the danger of the child and who
came shrieking towards the train from
a house near the track. The joy of the
mother when she found her little
darling unharmed and the admiration
of the passengers when they learned the
circumstances, for the brave conduct of
Mr. Bassford, we leave for our readers
to imagine.—Pioneer.

Fatal Accident.

M. Gorman, a section foreman on the
main line of the Pacific railroad accom-
panied by his wife, child and some of
his crew, went to Morris on their hand
car to attend a performance given at
that place Saturday evening, and on their
return, while going at a good rate of
speed, struck some cattle that were ly-
ing on the track, throwing Mrs. Gorman
and her child, off the car passing over
them, killing the child and seriously in-
juring Mrs. Gorman.

The Clinton Herald says: "The suit
of Mrs. Isabel Russ against Darnay
Nichols, claiming \$10,000 damages for
intoxicating liquor sold to her husband,
has been compromised and settled. Mr.
Michael paying the woman a nominal
sum and she paying expenses so far in-
curred. It seems the friends of Nich-
ols frightened the woman into a settle-
ment by threatening to kill her husband,
or to do something else equally as ter-
rible. So that prospective \$10,000 has
disappeared into blasted hopes for the pres-
ent."

Passenger Tariffs.

The Rail Road Commissioners have
at last published a table of freight and
passenger tariffs.

The following is a statement of pas-
senger tariffs:

Milwaukee and St. Paul—
River Division, 4 cts. per mile
Milwaukee and St. Paul—
and M. Division, 4 " "
Winona and St. Peter, 4 " "
First Division St. Paul and
Pacific—Branch Line, 4 " "
Lake Superior and Missis-
sippi, 4 " "
Chicago, Duluth and Min-
nesota, 4 " "
West Wisconsin, 4 " "
Southern Minnesota, 4 " "
St. Paul and Sioux City, 4 " "
Sioux City and St. Paul, 5 " "
First Division St. Paul
and Pacific—Main Line 5 " "
Northern Pacific, 5 " "
Milwaukee and St. Louis 5
Minneapolis and Duluth, 5
St. Paul and Pacific, 5 " "
St. Paul, Stillwater and
Taylor's Falls, 5 " "
St. Paul and Pacific, 5 " "

In order to understand the changes
made, it must be borne in mind that the
maximum rate heretofore allowed by law
has been five cents per mile. On our
line one-half the roads it will be seen
that no reduction has been made, the
rate being left at the maximum of five
cents per mile. The present rate on
the River Division of the Milwaukee
& St. Paul road, the Lake Superior &
Mississippi road and the West Wiscon-
sin road, we believe, the same if not lower
than the rate fixed by the Commission-
ers.

Opinion of Beecher's Brother.

William H. Beecher, says of his brother
Henry Ward
His (Henry Ward's) training was en-
tirely opposed to any such thing. I am
the oldest brother, and Henry is one of
the youngest. I knew him from child-
hood to manhood, and there was nothing
in his life to indicate any such be-
lief. His youth and manhood were en-
tirely exemplary. Our home surround-
ings were opposed to anything of the
sort. We learned obedience and grew
up in honor for our mother and respect
for our sisters, such women as they were,
and it was impossible for us to do any-
thing to disgrace them.

I have never known any woman ex-
cept my wife, nor has my brother Ward
ever known any woman except his
wife, and I believe the same is true of
Henry. He was never in the habit of
running after women. I believe he
looks upon the marriage relation as sac-
red as any one. In fact, I know he
has suffered great trouble on account of
his wife, and has endeavored to be faith-
ful to her, notwithstanding the sore
trials she has cost him. It has separated
him from his kindred; and from his
brothers and sisters, who were pre-
vented from coming to his house on her
account. Yet he bore with her, and in
every way endeavored to arrange mat-
ters so that they might visit him. Still
I think she loved him and was faithful
to him.

On another ground this charge seems
weak. Henry never was in the habit
of running after women, but if he had
been, would he have been likely to have
chosen an old, married woman? There
were plenty of young girls that he could
have had if he had been so inclined.
There was no difficulty about it. He
could have had them if he wanted to
plenty of them. Then why should he
choose an old, failed, married woman?
It is easier for a preacher than any one
else, except, perhaps, a doctor, to make
advantage of women.

"During a hurricane in Kansas a
county treasurer owed up that he had
stolen \$15,000 of the county money, but
after the wind subsided he denied it.
Of course the man is guilty. Few coun-
ty treasurers would tell a lie for fifteen
hundred dollars while expecting every
moment to be blown to thunder by a
hurricane, but when the air is calm and
all nature is in repose, how many of
them wouldn't perjure a little even
for fifteen cents?"—Courier Journal.

A dastardly act was perpetrated Fri-
day afternoon between Green Bay and
Menomonee, by a brakeman on the North-
western road, named Proctor, by which
he administered a quantity of kerosene oil
to a train boy named Luckey. Fanciful
Luckey had done him an injury, he sought
revenge by mixing the oil with beer,
and persuading him to drink. The ef-
fects of the powerful medicine were
wreaked on the boy, and in 24 hours he lost
15 pounds in weight. Information has
set in internally, and there is but slight
if any hope of his recovery.

VILLAGE ORDINANCE

ORDINANCE No. 8.

Sec. 1. Any person desiring a license under
Ord. No. 7, Sec. 1, must file their ap-
plication therewith with the Village Clerk of
said Village on or before the 1st day of Au-
gust, A. D. 1874, and pay the said Clerk for
the use of the Village the sum of twenty-
five dollars for a license for one year.

Sec. 2. Any and all persons engaged in
the following business or occupation here-
after mentioned shall pay an annual license
as follows viz:
Circus per day, \$10.00
Traveling Troupes (each entertain-
ment), \$2.00
Peddlers on foot per year, \$10.00
Auctioneers per day, \$10.00
Any person who shall hereafter estab-
lish a business or occupation within the
limits of said Village for which a license is
required by the provision of this section
without having first obtained a license,
therefor shall be deemed guilty of a mis-
demeanor and open conviction thereof shall
be fined in a sum not exceeding thirty dol-
lars nor less than five dollars for each and
every offense.

Sec. 3. Each and every person residing
within the Village of Chaska who own
keep, or maintain within said Village one
or more dogs shall be liable for tax upon
each and every one of the same above the
age of 3 months as follows viz:
Males, \$1.00
Females, \$3.00
Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of every own-
er or keeper of a dog subject to taxes as
above specified, to make application with
the Village Clerk of said Village on or be-
fore the 1st day of July, A. D. 1874 for the
registry of the name of said dog, and the
numbering of the said dog, for which
license is requested, which name and num-
ber of the said dog shall, after the pay-
ment of the tax as specified to the
Clerk of said Village, be required to place
conspicuously on a collar to be worn at all
times by said dog when running at large.
Sec. 5. Any and all owners of dogs with-
in the Village of Chaska who shall not
comply with above Ordinance within ten
days after the date specified therein for
registry of same shall be deemed guilty of a
misdemeanor and it shall be the duty of
the Marshal to destroy all such unlicensed
dogs found running large.

Sec. 6. This Ordinance shall take effect
and be in force on and after the 10th day
of June, A. D. 1874.
Attest, JOSEPH FRANKEN,
Recorder.
F. W. HENNING,
President Board of Trustees.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Carver, } S. S.
In Probate Court.

Deceased.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Young
deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of Magde-
line Young wherein it fully appears that Henry
Young died intestate in the County of Carver,
State of Minnesota, on or about the 25th day
of April, A. D. 1874, being the owner of real
estate in said county at the time of his de-
cease, and praying that Geo. A. Du Toit may
be appointed administrator of the estate of
said deceased. Ordered that Monday the 5th
day of July, A. D. 1874 at 10 o'clock in the fore-
noon of the day of July, A. D. 1874, in the
Village of Chaska in said County be assigned as
the time and place of hearing said petition
and all persons interested in said estate of
Henry Young are commanded to be present.
Ordered further that said petitioner give
notice of said hearing to all persons interest-
ed in said estate by publishing the same in
the Valley Herald a weekly newspaper
printed and published in Chaska in said County
for three weeks prior to said day of hearing.
In witness whereof I have hereunto set my
hand and seal of said court this 23d day of June,
A. D. 1874.
Judge of Probate. C. H. LERNAN.

Commissioners Notice to Credit-
ors.

In the matter of the estate of Henry
Young deceased.
Notice is hereby given that we the un-
designated were on the 15th day of May A.
D. 1874, by the Hon. C. H. Lennan Judge
of the Probate Court of Carver Co. Minn.
duly appointed, commissioners to receive,
examine and adjust all claims and demands
of all persons existing against said estate,
and that six months from the date of said
appointments have been allowed and limited
by said court as the time for creditors to
present their claims to us for examination
and allowance. Also that we will meet
on the 1st Tuesday in July and on the 1st
Tuesday in August every calendar month
thereafter at 10 o'clock of that day until
the expiration of said six months at the
Probate Courtroom in Chaska in said Co.
to attend to said claims and to receive
and pay to the creditors of said estate
Merrill J. Young, in Waconia a la C. M.

Dated Chaska June 1st 1874.
J. A. SARGENT,
A. BURANDY,
GEO. BUCHNER,
D. G. WETMUR,
H. R. DENNY.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Carver,
District Court, Eighth Judicial District.

Enoch Holmes, vs. Monroe L. Pierce.
Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to
answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the
above entitled action which is filed with the
Clerk of said Court in said County, and to
serve a copy of your answer to the said com-
plaint upon the undersigned at the office of
the undersigned in the City of Mankato
in the County of Blue Earth in the State afore-
said, within twenty days after the service of
this summons on you, exclusive of the day of
service; and if you fail to answer the said com-
plaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff
will take judgment against you for the sum of
seven hundred and eighty-two dollars and twenty-
five cents, with interest on the sum of four-
teen hundred dollars for one year from the first
day of July 1869.

May 24 A. D. 1874.
BEAVERANCE & DICKERSON,
Plaintiffs Attorneys.

Execution Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of an
execution issued out of and under the seal of the
District Court, in and for the County of Carver
in the case of Joseph Ludwig vs. Otto Nagel
and dated June 24th 1874 directing and em-
powering me, the undersigned receiver in
said action, to sell and dispose of at public
auction certain personal property and estate,
belonging to the said Otto Nagel, in Chaska
said Carver County sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash the following described
personal property to-wit: 75 bbls of lager beer,
furniture, tubs, hogheads and beer kegs, 80 feet
of Indian rubber hose, 1 span of horses
with harness, 1 beer wagon, 1 light spring
wagon, 1 pair of bobs, 1 pair of light bobs,
1 platform scale, 1 force pump and many
other articles generally used in a brewery
to numerous to mention.

I will also on or before the 8th day
of July 1874 sell at private sale the said
brewery and other real estate of said Nagel
& Ludwig.
Dated Chaska June 10th 1874.
FRANK H. KRANZ,
Receiver.

Execution Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of and
under the seal of the District Court 5th Judicial
District of Carver County Minnesota upon a
judgment rendered therein on the 23rd day of
May, A. D. 1874 in an action wherein Mary Tan-
ner is plaintiff and Heinrich Schulte is de-
fendant for the sum of seven hundred and fifty
dollars (\$750) and costs, in all amounting to
\$825.00, in favor of said plaintiff and against
said defendant I have levied upon the follow-
ing described real estate as the property of
said Heinrich Schulte situated in the County of
Carver in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: The
west half [1/2] of the south east quarter (1/2)
of section sixteen (16) of township one hundred
and fifteen (115) of range 25 containing eighty
acres more or less and shall, on the 25th day
of August A. D. 1874 at the front door of the
Court House at Chaska in said County at 10 o'clock
in the forenoon of said day, sell the above de-
scribed premises at public auction to the highest
bidder for cash to satisfy said judgment in-
terest and costs.
Dated June 25th 1874.
F. E. DU TOIT,
Sheriff of Carver County.

F. E. DU TOIT,
J. L. Mc DONALD,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

NOTICE.

To J. A. Sargent, H. R. Denny, Ferdinand
Burand, D. G. Wetmur, Geo. Buchner, Elsie-
beth Young and all persons who have this day
been appointed Commissioners to receive, ex-
amine and adjust all claims against the estate
of Henry Young deceased, and you are hereby
requested to meet at the Probate Court room in
Chaska on Monday June the 1st 1874 for the
purpose of qualifying and agreeing on the time
of meeting.
C. H. LERNAN,
Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } COUNTY OF CARVER, } S. S.

To Joseph Thelen defendant,
You are hereby summoned to be and appear
before the undersigned one of the Justices of
the peace in and for said County on the 6th
day of June, A. D. 1874 at ten o'clock in the
afternoon of that day, at my office in the town
of Hector in said County of Carver, to answer
to George Blomher in a certain action, should
you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid
judgment will be rendered against you up-
on the evidence adduced by the plaintiff Geo. Blom-
her Plaintiff for such sum as he shall show
himself entitled to.
Given under my hand this 4th day of May A.
D. 1874.
ROBERT MILLER,
Justice of the Peace.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE.

Details having been made in the condition
of a certain mortgage made and executed by
Peter Weego and Bertha Weego his wife of
Chaska in the County of Carver and State of
Minnesota, to the Minnesota Mutual Life In-
surance Company, a corporation duly organized
and existing under and by the laws of the
State of Minnesota, dated May twenty-
fourth A. D. 1872 and recorded June 10th A. D.
1874 in the office of the Register of Deeds of
said County of Carver, whereby the said Mar-
tine Weego mortgaged to the said Mortgagee
the following described land and real estate sit-
uated and being in the County of Carver of
the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot four (4) and
the east half of lot five (5) in block thirty (30)
lots one (1) two (2) three (3) four (4) five (5)
six (6) seven (7) eight (8) nine (9) ten (10)
eleven (11) twelve (12) thirteen (13) fourteen (14)
fifteen (15) sixteen (16) seventeen (17) eighteen (18)
nineteen (19) twenty (20) twenty one (21) twenty
two (22) twenty three (23) twenty four (24) twenty
five (25) twenty six (26) twenty seven (27) twenty
eight (28) twenty nine (29) thirty (30) and the
whole of block sixty-two (62) and of the whole
of block seventy-one (71) in the village of O. C.
the corner to the block thereof as recorded in
the Register of Deeds office of Carver County
and State of Minnesota and which said
Mortgage was given to secure the payment of
a certain promissory note bearing even date
with said Mortgage and given for the sum of
seven hundred dollars payable in one year
after date with interest at the rate of twelve per
cent per annum, payable semi-annually, the said
said mortgagee claims that there is now due
upon the said note and Mortgage the sum of
seven hundred and forty dollars and interest
and no action or proceedings at law or other-
wise having been commenced to enforce the
debt as aforesaid mentioned or any part there-
of.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that
by virtue of a power of sale in said Mortgage
contained, and therewith recorded and pascant
to the said mortgagee under the authority of
the said Mortgage, will be foreclosed by a
sale of the said Mortgage premises above dis-
cussed by the Sheriff of said County of Carver
at public vendue, to the highest bidder for
the law directs, at the front door of the Court-
house in the City of Chaska in the County of
Carver, on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1874 at
the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day
to satisfy the amount then due on said note
Mortgage including Attorney's fees and costs
and expenses allowed by law.

Dated June 25th 1874.
THE MINNESOTA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY, Mortgagee.

BAXTER & PECK, Attys for Mortgagee.

AUCTION.

By virtue, and in pursuance of an order
of the District Court in and for the County
of Carver in the State of Minnesota made
in the case of Joseph Ludwig vs. Otto Nagel
and dated June 24th 1874 directing and em-
powering me, the undersigned receiver in
said action, to sell and dispose of at public
auction certain personal property and estate,
belonging to the said Otto Nagel, in Chaska
said Carver County sell at public auction to the
highest bidder for cash the following described
personal property to-wit: 75 bbls of lager beer,
furniture, tubs, hogheads and beer kegs, 80 feet
of Indian rubber hose, 1 span of horses
with harness, 1 beer wagon, 1 light spring
wagon, 1 pair of bobs, 1 pair of light bobs,
1 platform scale, 1 force pump and many
other articles generally used in a brewery
to numerous to mention.

I will also on or before the 8th day
of July 1874 sell at private sale the said
brewery and other real estate of said Nagel
& Ludwig.
Dated Chaska June 10th 1874.
FRANK H. KRANZ,
Receiver.

Execution Sale.

By virtue of an execution issued out of and
under the seal of the District Court 5th Judicial
District of Carver County Minnesota upon a
judgment rendered therein on the 23rd day of
May, A. D. 1874 in an action wherein Mary Tan-
ner is plaintiff and Heinrich Schulte is de-
fendant for the sum of seven hundred and fifty
dollars (\$750) and costs, in all amounting to
\$825.00, in favor of said plaintiff and against
said defendant I have levied upon the follow-
ing described real estate as the property of
said Heinrich Schulte situated in the County of
Carver in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: The
west half [1/2] of the south east quarter (1/2)
of section sixteen (16) of township one hundred
and fifteen (115) of range 25 containing eighty
acres more or less and shall, on the 25th day
of August A. D. 1874 at the front door of the
Court House at Chaska in said County at 10 o'clock
in the forenoon of said day, sell the above de-
scribed premises at public auction to the highest
bidder for cash to satisfy said judgment in-
terest and costs.
Dated June 25th 1874.
F. E. DU TOIT,
Sheriff of Carver County.

F. E. DU TOIT,
J. L. Mc DONALD,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

NOTICE.

To J. A. Sargent, H. R. Denny, Ferdinand
Burand, D. G. Wetmur, Geo. Buchner, Elsie-
beth Young and all persons who have this day
been appointed Commissioners to receive, ex-
amine and adjust all claims against the estate
of Henry Young deceased, and you are hereby
requested to meet at the Probate Court room in
Chaska on Monday June the 1st 1874 for the
purpose of qualifying and agreeing on the time
of meeting.
C. H. LERNAN,
Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } COUNTY OF CARVER, } S. S.

To Joseph Thelen defendant,
You are hereby summoned to be and appear
before the undersigned one of the Justices of
the peace in and for said County on the 6th
day of June, A. D. 1874 at ten o'clock in the
afternoon of that day, at my office in the town
of Hector in said County of Carver, to answer
to George Blomher in a certain action, should
you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid
judgment will be rendered against you up-
on the evidence adduced by the plaintiff Geo. Blom-
her Plaintiff for such sum as he shall show
himself entitled to.
Given under my hand this 4th day of May A.
D. 1874.
ROBERT MILLER,
Justice of the Peace.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE.

Details having been made in the condition
of a certain mortgage made and executed by
Peter Weego and Bertha Weego his wife of
Chaska in the County of Carver and State of
Minnesota, to the Minnesota Mutual Life In-
surance Company, a corporation duly organized
and existing under and by the laws of the
State of Minnesota, dated May twenty-
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1874 in the office of the Register of Deeds of
said County of Carver, whereby the said Mar-
tine Weego mortgaged to the said Mortgagee
the following described land and real estate sit-
uated and being in the County of Carver of
the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot four (4) and
the east half of lot five (5) in block thirty (30)
lots one (1) two (2) three (3) four (4) five (5)
six (6) seven (7) eight (8) nine (9) ten (10)
eleven (11) twelve (12) thirteen (13) fourteen (14)
fifteen (15) sixteen (16) seventeen (17) eighteen (18)
nineteen (19) twenty (20) twenty one (21) twenty
two (22) twenty three (23) twenty four (24) twenty
five (25) twenty six (26) twenty seven (27) twenty
eight (28) twenty nine (29) thirty (30) and the
whole of block sixty-two (62) and of the whole
of block seventy-one (71) in the village of O. C.
the corner to the block thereof as recorded in
the Register of Deeds office of Carver County
and State of Minnesota and which said
Mortgage was given to secure the payment of
a certain promissory note bearing even date
with said Mortgage and given for the sum of
seven hundred dollars payable in one year
after date with interest at the rate of twelve per
cent per annum, payable semi-annually, the said
said mortgagee claims that there is now due
upon the said note and Mortgage the sum of
seven hundred and forty dollars and interest
and no action or proceedings at law or other-
wise having been commenced to enforce the
debt as aforesaid mentioned or any part there-
of.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that
by virtue of a power of sale in said Mortgage
contained, and therewith recorded and pascant

Chaska Valley Herald.

F. A. DETROIT & CO., Publishers.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

THURSDAY, July 16.—Forty-five buildings, mostly occupied for business purposes, were destroyed by the fire in Iowa Falls Tuesday. The French government warns its people against emigrating to the United States, because a number of late emigrants have applied to the government for assistance to enable them to return to France. The committee of thirty of the French Assembly propose a constitution for the government which shall recognize the irrevocability of MacMahon's powers for seven years; maintain the title of President; establish ministerial responsibility, as in England; provide for two legislative chambers, the upper of which or Senate to be organized by future bill; authorize the President alone to dissolve the lower house; and require that modifications of laws shall only be made on proposition of the President. The plan seems to suit nobody outside of the committee and France will probably continue to be governed without a constitution. Prior Bismarck is rumored to be suffering quite seriously, either from the wound on his wrist or the excitement following the late attempt at his assassination. The Princeton crew won the six-oared boat race in the college regatta at Saratoga yesterday. Distance, 3 miles; time, 18 min., 12-1/2 sec. The single scull race, 2 miles, was won by Wilcox of Yale. Time, 14 min., 12-1/2 sec. The Democratic convention of Indiana yesterday nominated J. E. Hoff of Randolph county Secretary of State; E. Henderson of Morgan county Auditor; and H. B. Biddle of Cass county Judge of the Supreme Court. Henderson and Biddle had before been nominated on the Reform ticket. Damage to property to the amount of \$2,500,000 was occasioned near Glasgow, Scotland, yesterday by overflow from breaking of a canal. A young man named Samuel Henry was killed in jail at St. Paul yesterday who is charged with outraging the person of Miss Wheeler, a girl of 14, daughter of E. H. Wheeler, of Blooming Prairie, Steele county. It is stated that Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler being absent from home, Henry at night made his way into the open window of Miss Wheeler's room and accomplished his purpose while the girl was in bed. Fortunately Miss Wheeler had invited another girl to spend the night with her and this one was able to give a pretty accurate description of Henry, who did not know she was in the room. He was further identified from having left a part of his clothes in a barn near the house. Yesterday saw swarms of locusts, from the north, were flying southwardly over all points heard from along the main line of the St. Paul and Pacific railroad.

Friday, July 17.—The interest and excitement in Brooklyn over the Beecher-Tilton affair is greatly increased by the separation of Tilton and wife and by rumors thereon that, while Mrs. Tilton has taken sides with Beecher and sworn to his innocence, Mr. Tilton is engaged in preparing his statement, which he has determined to publish, charging Beecher with positive crime and bringing proof to sustain his charges. Numerous swarms of locusts descended near Columbia, Nebraska, on Wednesday. Nominations for Congress were reported yesterday as follows: Gen. McPherson, nominated by the Republicans of the Terre Haute, Ind., district. E. N. Gates of Jasper county, Iowa, by the Anti-Monopolists of the Ottumwa district. Henry O. Pratt of Charles City, Iowa, renominated by the Republicans of the fourth or McGregor district. Eugene Hale by the Republicans of the fifth Maine district. A thunder storm, accompanied by a hurricane, passed over Lowell, Mass., yesterday, doing great damage to trees and roofs. At East Saginaw, Mich., yesterday, Goldsmith Maid trotted three mile calls in 2:10 3/4, 2:16 1/2 and 2:16. Fullerton, the second horse, was also timed as follows: 2:20 1/2, 2:16 1/2 and 2:17 3/4. The Maid's time is the best on record for three successive heats. Wisconsin crop reports of yesterday were that in the south part of the State the wheat has been somewhat injured by drought, but generally an average or more than an average yield is expected. Thus far, seven persons are known to have lost their lives by the Chicago fire of Tuesday night. Obstructions were found upon the New York Central track, near Fort Plain, yesterday, placed there, it is supposed, by a gang prepared to rob the pay car which was coming west with \$50,000 on board. A wood train, running ahead of the pay car, the obstructions were removed by the train men. By the breaking of a switch a freight train was derailed on the R. & C. road near Richmond, Ind., yesterday. It is believed the switch was broken for the purpose of wrecking and robbing the passenger train. Ruth Von Ellen of Auburn, New York, slipped on the rocks of Atkins' Glen, Rhine, yesterday, fell over a precipice 95 feet high, and was dashed to pieces on the rocks below. In Hardin county, Ky., Tuesday, John Brannen, a boy of 12, hanged himself because his father had refused to buy him a new saddle. Rev. Dr. Green of Nashville, Tenn., a veteran Methodist preacher, died Wednesday, aged 76. The French steamship company has dismissed from its service the late captains of the abandoned ships L'Europe and Amerique.

SATURDAY, July 18.—The Associated Press continues to send out contradictory and very unsatisfactory conjectures as to the progress of the Beecher-Tilton affair and what the forthcoming exposure will amount to. After a stormy session at Cambridge City, Ind., last evening named Clayfoot to succeed Jesse Wilson in Congress. Hon. J. P. Kiddle, associate justice of the territorial supreme court, formerly a practicing lawyer of St. Paul, was Thursday nominated by the Dakota Republican Convention at Elk River for delegate in Congress. The convention resolved in favor of division of the territory and creation of the proposed new territory of Pembina of the northern half. Josephine

Beaudett, only daughter of Joseph Beaudett, aged 16, was outraged in Mendota last night, by some unknown villain who entered her room through the open window, by removing the mosquito bar, and accomplished his purpose by using chloroform to keep her from awaking. The board of Indian peace commissioners was reorganized at Washington yesterday. General Sibley is chairman of the purchasing committee. Ratifications having been exchanged the new postal convention with France will take effect August 1st. The litigation by stockholders of the Keokuk Northern Steamboat Company, to prevent W. F. Davidson from obtaining full control of it through his late purchase of the late Mr. McCune's stock, it is said will be persisting in to the last, and a lively legal war is anticipated. Skirmishes between small bands of Indians and troops are daily reported from Texas, New Mexico and Wyoming. But little harm appears to result to either side. The Quakers ask Mr. J. D. Mills, a western Indian agent, appointed on their recommendation, to resign, because of his having become excited over exaggerated reports of an Indian disturbance, and telegraphed to Washington, counseling war. The British government refuses to accept the Fifth lands on the condition fixed by their king, but proposes to the king and his people an unconditional session. The reported Carlist cruelties of Spain in vainly destroying property, seizing hostages and shooting prisoners, is stirring other European people to a disposition in favor of active interference to put an end to the Carlist rebellion. The California grangers have arranged to ship this season's crop of wheat on their own account selling about on arrival at a European market as shall seem best. Stevens and Swift counties were overrun by grasshoppers yesterday. The pests came from the north and northwest and descended in such numbers as no fairly cover the ground.

MONDAY, July 20.—The rowing contest between the college crews of Columbia, Wesleyan, Harvard, Williams, Cornell, Dartmouth, Trinity, Princeton and Yale colleges, came off on Saratoga Lake Saturday morning and ended in a victory for the Columbia being second and about two lengths behind—time, 16:50; distance three miles. The Yale crew which had won the lead in the first mile, but soon lost it, claims to have been jockeyed by the Harvard crew and abandoned the race at the mile and a half point. At a meeting of citizens at Chicago Saturday night to consider by what means the re-occurrence of great fires in that city can be avoided, the propositions which met with most favor were to prohibit the erection or preservation of wooden buildings anywhere within the city limits and to separate different portions of the city, one from another, by very wide streets. Saturday's reports from the West and Southwest bring accounts of a Sioux attack upon the mining camp of Soudan, Wyoming, in which some of the miners were killed and, at least, accounts, all were in danger, having been closely pressed for two days by four times their number of Indians. Also a fight between Snakes and Utes and Arapahoes, at the head of Powder river, in which the Arapahoes suffered a heavy loss, of an attack upon the Ponca agency in Nebraska by a small party of Sioux, which was repulsed without loss to the Poncas; of a bridge gang and railway section hands being driven into Rawlins, Nebraska, by the Indians; of a fight with Indians thirty miles west of Fort Sill, in which Col. Carpenter, U. S. A., was badly wounded and six of his men were killed; and of a desperate fight between a company of volunteer rangers and a party of raiding Indians in Jachio county, Texas, in which at least accounts the rangers were surrounded and in danger of capture or extermination. In the vicinity of Swan Lake in Nicollet county Saturday, the grasshoppers came down like a heavy snow fall, the people of the county were alarmed, and of a desperate fight between a company of volunteer rangers and a party of raiding Indians in Jachio county, Texas, in which at least accounts the rangers were surrounded and in danger of capture or extermination. In the vicinity of Swan Lake in Nicollet county Saturday, the grasshoppers came down like a heavy snow fall, the people of the county were alarmed, and of a desperate fight between a company of volunteer rangers and a party of raiding Indians in Jachio county, Texas, in which at least accounts the rangers were surrounded and in danger of capture or extermination.

Assault on Attorney General Clarke. Attorney General Clarke, of Manitoba, having resigned his office, arrived in St. Paul Saturday evening, the 18th inst., on his way southward for the benefit of his health, he being a consumptive. On arrival his baggage was seized on a suit for a drug store, by some person unknown, and he was released on Clarke's depositing money to secure the claim. Sunday morning Mr. Clarke had a severe hemorrhage of the lungs and therefore delayed his departure till Monday morning. Sunday evening he was standing on the sidewalk in front of his hotel when he was struck two or three blows, probably with a club, and by some person unknown, and his head and face was badly bruised. Monday morning, at the railway depot, he was again assaulted—this time by Michael Hoy, of Minneapolis, and some other person unknown. They gave Clarke a terrible pounding and kicking, cutting his head and face badly and breaking one of his ribs. He was quickly rescued by bystanders and, upon his own request, placed in the car. At Hudson his wounds were dressed and he pursued his journey to Chicago. Hoy has been held to answer at the police court of St. Paul and is under arrest for an attempt to kill on a warrant from the common pleas court of Ramsey county. His unknown assistant in the assault, expected and is supposed to have taken part in the assault on Clarke. The motive of Clarke's assailants was, without doubt, to be revenge upon him for the bad treatment of Americans arrested last year at Fort Garry for the attempted abduction of the so-called Lord Gordon. Tuesday morning Capt. Hoy and counsel appeared in the common pleas court of Ramsey county, waived examination and gave bonds in the sum of \$1,500 to appear and answer to the charge of assault with intent to kill.

Chicago Market, July 22. 12:30 P. M.—Wheat steady at \$1.01 1/2 for July and \$1.07 for August. Corn quiet at 63c for July and 61c for August. Pork regular at \$21.85 for September and \$21.65 for August. Lard firm and saleable at 11 1/2 cash; August held higher; little offering. Milwaukee Market, July 22. 12:35 P. M.—Wheat firm at \$1.17 1/2 for No. 1; \$1.14 for No. 2; \$1.11 1/2 for No. 3; and \$1.07 1/2 for September. AN INDIAN FIGHT. Fifteen Killed and Twenty-Three Wounded. GALEVISTON, July 21.—The News Austin special says late intelligence received at the Adjutant General's office from Indian Territory, states that on June 25, the Comanches, Kiowas and Cheyennes attacked the settlement at Doty Mills, and were repulsed with a loss of 15 killed and 23 wounded and a large number of horses killed. Three surveyors employed by Hockbush & Armstrong were killed by Indians near Antelope Hills. Friendly Indians are collected around Wichita Agency. The warriors and young men are all on the war path. It is reported that a company of U. S. cavalry were attacked at Otter Creek and four men killed and all their horses captured.

TUESDAY, July 21.—Theodore Tilton's statement against Henry Ward Beecher was submitted last evening to the committee of inquiry of Plymouth Church, but will not be made public until the inquiry is concluded. The Chicago common council passed an ordinance last night, extending the fire limit or prohibition of wooden buildings to include the whole city. Large fires are raging in the Peshigo woods of Wisconsin. In Maysville, Ky., Julia Kerns, a beautiful girl of 17, having the toothache, went to bed Friday night with a bottle of chloroform in her hand. Saturday morning she

was found dead with the open bottle at her breast. She had become so stupefied as to be unable to remove the bottle. Another young lady, sleeping with Miss Kerns was so overcome by the chloroform that it was difficult to arouse her.—Capt. Bates and company of infantry have had a fight with the Arapahoes in Washington Territory, in which 25 Indians were killed.—Old Indian traders predict a general springing of the Indians of the West and Southwest, and great alarm is felt in all the border settlements.

WEDNESDAY, July 22.—Theodore Tilton's statement, as submitted to the committee of Plymouth Church, was made public yesterday. He circumstantially details the seduction of Mrs. Tilton by Beecher, how he, Tilton, condoned Mrs. Tilton's offense, how he finally forgave Beecher on the latter's most abject and earnest plea for mercy; and how through much misapprehension and misunderstanding, to which Mrs. Tilton added the unbearable feather in going over to the Beecher side in the late complications, he at last felt compelled to verify on oath, and by the possession of corroborative letters from Beecher and Mrs. Tilton. It is reported that Beecher and Mrs. Tilton will now unite in circumstantial denial and explanation of all of Tilton's narrative.—Ben. Butler denies the story, told by Gen. Hooker, that he made \$100,000 by appropriating the money and valuables of colored men in the army of the James, who had on his recommendation deposited them with the quartermaster department, and were afterwards killed. He says the army savings bank organized was wound up by the Freedmen's Bureau, and vouchers in full given by that bureau.—Billy Edwards of New York and Sam. Collier of Baltimore have made the final deposit of stakes for a prize-ring fight in which they are to engage August 11th within one hundred miles of Pittsburgh. The Republican congressional convention of the fourth district of Louisiana yesterday endorsed the project of re-electing President Grant for a third term.—Capt. Brady who saved the steamship Pennsylvania last year has been allowed \$4,000 salvage and costs of suit, and would have been allowed more, Judge Cadwallader said, but for his retaining command of the ship after the storm, instead of surrendering it to the proper officers.—Governor Davis of Mississippi has asked that troops be stationed at Vicksburg in anticipation of riotous outbreaks on election day, August 4th.—Secretary Belknap, it appears from his directions to General Sherman to that effect, has the consent of Secretary Delano and Commissioner Smith, that in fighting the Indians the army may disregard reservation lines, care being taken, however, not to commit the friendly with the hostile Indians.—Michael Hoy was yesterday held to bail in the sum of \$1,500 to answer at the common pleas court of Ramsey to the assaulting, with intent to kill, ex-Attorney General Clarke of Manitoba.—The people of Buckley are reported to be greatly excited over discoveries of rich mines of silver and copper, about two miles from that village.

MINNESOTA CROP REPORTS. SOUTHERN MINNESOTA. WABASH COUNTY. Lake City, July 18.—Farmers in this vicinity report that wheat and oats will average about two-thirds of a full crop. No harvesting has been done yet of wheat, but harvesting will commence in about three weeks. No grasshoppers here. WABASH COUNTY. Wabash, July 18.—We will have a fair and average crop. The barley harvest is in progress. The valley farmers will commence cutting wheat in about two weeks. There is considerable complaint of chinch bug and rust in winter wheat. KELLONG, July 18.—Everything bids fair to a good harvest in this vicinity; general harvest will commence about August 1st. A few will commence the latter part of next week. No grasshoppers. WEAVER, July 18.—Reports seem favorable for a fair harvest of wheat, barley and oats in this vicinity. A few crops of winter and spring wheat are being harvested. Harvest in general will begin about the first of August. WINONA COUNTY. St. Charles, July 18.—Crops look badly. Farmers will commence harvesting next week, with good prospects for a full crop. No grasshoppers. LEWISTOWN, July 18.—The crops are looking good in this vicinity. If the weather holds good we will have a barley crop. Have commenced cutting wheat, but there will be no wheat harvest for two weeks at least. No grasshoppers. WINONA, July 18.—Harvesting has begun in this vicinity. The prospect is that the wheat crop will be up to the average yield. No signs of any grasshoppers in this vicinity. OLMSTED COUNTY. Rochester, July 18.—The crops are in splendid condition in this vicinity. Harvest will commence next week, but wheat will not be ready to cut for about three weeks. The wheat about here is fine. EYOTA, Minn., July 18.—Crops generally looking fine. Wheat promises a fair crop. Barley harvest has commenced; yield not heavy. Wheat harvest commences in about two weeks. No grasshoppers here. DOVER COUNTY. Dover, July 18.—Barley is being harvested and promises an abundant yield. Wheat is filling well but is thin and will not exceed two-thirds of last year's crop. But little will be harvested before the first of August. MOVER COUNTY. Austin, July 18.—Barley harvest has commenced; quality good; acreage about the same as last year; yield better—say an average of twenty-three bushels to the acre. Wheat is suffering for rain; acreage, five per cent. increase over last year; yield less—will average not over fifteen bushels per acre. Harvest will commence from the 25th to the 30th. No grasshoppers. LE ROY, July 18.—Prospects for an abundant crop of wheat, never more bright than at present, in this vicinity. Harvesting of wheat will commence in about ten days. Numbers of farmers are already cutting barley, which will be in its height next week. Weather fine. DODGE COUNTY. Dodge Centre, July 18.—Crops in this county are looking well, but need rain very much. It will be about a week before the harvest will commence. No grasshoppers here. GOODHUE COUNTY. Red Wing, July 18.—Farmers report the wheat crop very good. Oats and barley are an average crop. No harvesting begun yet, but will commence harvesting wheat the last of this or the first of next month. No grasshoppers in this vicinity. DAKOTA COUNTY. Farmington, July 18.—Prospect of crops fine. The harvest of wheat will commence in two to three weeks. Grasshoppers have not made their appearance here. SCOTT COUNTY. Hamilton, July 18.—The prospect for number one crops was never better. Nothing happening there will be ten per cent more wheat per acre than last year. Oats and corn likewise. Harvest will begin about August 1st. As yet grasshoppers have not put in an appearance here. SHAKOPE, July 18.—Rye, barley and winter wheat are harvested. The spring wheat harvest will commence in a week or ten days. The prospect is highly encouraging. No spring wheat has been harvested yet. No grasshoppers here. RICE COUNTY. Northfield, July 18.—The field crops are looking splendidly, and the farmers are busy preparing for the harvest. The grass crop is also looking nicely. Nary a grasshopper. FARIBULT, July 18.—Wheat prospect is not so flattering as it was three weeks ago. The wheat is suffering considerably from the drought and continued hot weather. Many farmers are complaining severely of the rust. Grasshoppers are gathering in quite large numbers in this vicinity, but I have not heard of their committing any depredations as yet. Harvest will commence in about three weeks. STEELE COUNTY. Blooming Prairie, July 18.—Weather hot and dry. Wheat is suffering from a drought and promises a light yield, especially the late sowing and spring planting. Barley harvest commenced; crop fair; quality good. No grasshoppers here. OWATONNA, July 18.—Crops here are looking fine. The wheat will commence in about two weeks. All grain is looking finely. No grasshoppers as yet. Weather warm and sultry.

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OWATONNA, July 18.—Crops here are looking fine. The wheat will commence in about two weeks. All grain is looking finely. No grasshoppers as yet. Weather warm and sultry.

Medford, July 18.—Crops looking poor, and yield of wheat will be light on account of dry weather. Harvest will begin in about ten days.

WASCO COUNTY.

Clear Lake, July 18.—Prospects for all kinds of grain in this district are number one. Crops never looked better. The wheat harvest will commence in about two weeks. No grasshoppers to be seen.

WASCO COUNTY. Wasco, July 18.—Harvesting will commence in about ten days. No grasshoppers in this vicinity. Prospects for crops never better.

JANESVILLE, July 18.—The grasshoppers have not troubled Wasco county this season, but are flying south every day. If heavy rains and winds hold off for a couple of weeks the largest share of the grain will be out of danger. The farmers are making preparations to commence harvest on Monday. C. A. DeGraff has just finished a fifty-acre field of rye, and intends to commence his other grain next Monday. He has between four and five hundred acres to harvest this season. What will be the result of this season about twenty bushels to the acre.

BLUE EARTH COUNTY. Mankato, July 18.—The crops in this vicinity are looking very well; especially small grain. The grasshoppers have done no damage to speak of.

NICOLLET COUNTY. St. Peter, July 18.—Large numbers of grasshoppers between St. Peter and Ottawa to-day are laying their eggs, and a good crop of the pests will hatch out here next spring.

St. Peter, July 18.—The general prospect for the southern part of the county, especially small grain crops, is very good. In the northern part of the county in the vicinity of Lafayette, Cornfield and West Newton, the crops are all destroyed by grasshoppers. In the vicinity of Bernadotte the crops are damaged to a considerable extent by locusts. The harvesting of wheat will commence a week from Monday. A few farmers near St. Peter are cutting oats to-day. No grasshoppers in this immediate vicinity.

COTTONWOOD COUNTY. Mountain Lake, July 18.—Harvesting commenced here several weeks ago and has been rapidly pushed forward without the usual expense, as the laborers worked gratuitously and boarded themselves. It is now estimated that ninety-five per cent of the land sown in this township is cleared and ready to be prepared for another crop.

LYON COUNTY. Marshall, July 18.—Grasshoppers are flying south, but farmers are nervous and fear their crops are not yet safe. Considerable damage was done in the south part of the county Wednesday by northern swarms which descended there.

NOBLES COUNTY.

Hereby, July 18.—The grasshoppers have been almost all out of the county in this vicinity. We had them here in clouds up to a few days ago, when they disappeared, and none are visible, either on the ground or flying, now. Farmers are harvesting the wheat, but they do not deposit their eggs before leaving. What little crops are left will not be ready to harvest under two weeks.

WORTHINGTON, July 18.—The grasshoppers have all gone, without depositing their eggs. The prospect for the crop is far better than expected. Wheat will average about half of the usual crop, and farmers are busily engaged getting ready for the harvest, which will commence in about ten days.

CENTRAL MINNESOTA.

STEVENS COUNTY.

Monroe, July 18.—Harvest has not commenced in this vicinity. Everything promised fair for an abundant harvest, but the grasshoppers have come by the million and every field is alive with them; and they are destroying the grain with a wonderful rapidity. The prospects are that what grain is left, if any, will not pay for harvesting. The air was full of grasshoppers for two or three hours this morning, passing southeast.

SWIFT COUNTY. Kirkhoven, July 18.—Grasshoppers have been flying southeast, but none it around this place yet. The crops look well and an abundant yield is expected. Thermometer, 101 yesterday; hot to-day.

KANDIYOH COUNTY. WILLIAM, July 18.—Crops of all kinds are looking well. No harvesting has been done yet, but it will commence in about two weeks. No grasshoppers have hit here yet, but they are their eggs here, on the main line of the St. Paul & Pacific railroad.

SAUK COUNTY. Sauk Centre, July 18.—Crops of all kinds promise a good yield. Rye harvest commenced last Monday. No wheat will be harvested for two weeks yet. A large amount of flax has been sown and the yield will be heavy. No grasshoppers yet. Thermometer 90° in the shade.

MELROSE, July 18.—The farmers never had better prospects for all kinds of crops in this section than now. All grain looks very fine. The wheat harvest will begin in about two weeks. Farmers are now generally harvesting rye. No grasshoppers reported in this vicinity.

ST. JOSEPH, July 18.—No grasshoppers have been seen of within fifty miles, and farmers look forward to an abundant harvest. It will commence in two weeks. The wheat is changing color now in some localities.

MEeker COUNTY. Dassel, July 18.—But few grasshoppers have been seen in this vicinity. Crops never looked better. Winter wheat is nearly all harvested. Spring wheat will be ready to cut in about two weeks.

SIBLEY COUNTY.

Henderson, July 18.—Crops of all kinds are in fine condition about here, and there is no show of grasshoppers. There was a few in the western part of the county, but they did but very little damage. Harvest will be commenced about the 29th of this month.

WHITMAN COUNTY. Smith Lake, July 17.—The prospect of the crops in this vicinity is good. Wheat and corn promise an abundant yield. Potatoes are looking well; the bugs are doing but little harm. The harvest of winter wheat has commenced and spring wheat will be ready to harvest in about ten days. The grasshoppers have not yet made their appearance here.

HOWARD LAKE, July 18.—Crops of all kinds look finely. The winter wheat harvest commenced on the 18th. No spring grain will be harvested before August 1st. None of the grasshopper army have yet reached us.

DELANO, July 18.—No grasshopper here yet. Crops of all kinds are looking splendidly. No grain cut yet.

ELK RIVER, July 18.—Crops good. No grasshoppers. Farmers are harvesting their winter grain now.

Big Lake, July 18.—The crops were never looking better around this place than now. Wheat is stout and will be ready to cut in about one week. It will average 25 or 30 bushels per acre. Corn is looking well. The potatoe bugs are doing some damage, but farmers fight them off, so there will be a fair crop. No grasshoppers in this vicinity as yet.

ANOKA COUNTY. Anoka, July 18.—No grasshoppers here. The farmers are harvesting rye and winter wheat, with heavy yields. Spring wheat promises a good yield, and will be ready for the sickle in about ten days. Oats later, but look well. Corn is as far advanced as usual at this time. Some specimens measured here grew six inches in 24 hours. The grass crop is heavy and being cut.

WAYZATA, July 18.—Crops of all kinds are looking extremely well—wheat especially so—with the exception of potatoes, which have been more or less damaged by the bugs. Harvesting has not commenced yet. Wheat will not be ready for about fifteen days. No grasshoppers to speak of in this vicinity.

LONG LAKE, July 18.—Small grain and crops of all kinds are looking well here. Harvesting is just commencing. No grasshoppers.

Stillwater, July 18.—The crops generally in this part of the country were never better. The harvesting of rice and barley will commence right away, and of other crops in about two weeks. Harvest hands are worth from \$3.00 to \$3.50 per day.

MOOREHEAD, July 18.—The crops are looking finely. Harvest proper will commence about August 1st, but owing to the large number of grasshoppers, it is very doubtful about the harvest. They have done much damage on the Dakota side of the river, as far north as Pembina, and the people are much disheartened.

Audulon, July 18.—The crops in this vicinity are looking exceedingly well. The wheat has headed out in a good many fields, and is partially ripe. It will be ready to cut in about two weeks. Haying has commenced. No grasshoppers. Weather cloudy.

GLYNDEN, July 18.—The grasshoppers are still flying south. Some damage has been done here. No wind; weather hot.

Muskoka, July 18.—The small grain prospects as well as for the crops are most excellent, if not destroyed by the grasshoppers, the pests which are flying over to-day in a northwesterly direction, in vast numbers—their first appearance here. I have heard of no damage by them as yet. The grain will be ready to harvest within two weeks. Weather very hot and no wind.

Breckinridge, July 18.—The grasshoppers scarcely move yesterday, there being no wind, but seemed to rest in the air, until about 4 o'clock they disappeared. But few in the air to-day. On the Dakota side they have within two days about ruined one field estimated to yield 2,500 bushels.

Campbell, July 18.—Grasshoppers settled here to-day, almost literally covering the ground in every direction.

OTTER TAIL COUNTY. Pertham, July 18.—The crops in this vicinity and throughout this county are looking splendidly. The prospect of both quantity and quality was never more flattering. Not a grasshopper has been seen. Rush Lake farmers will commence harvesting next week, but not generally before ten days from now.

HERMANN, July 18.—The grasshoppers have come down upon some of our wheat fields, and are fast destroying the grain. The prairie grass is literally covered with them, and farmers fear they will destroy all the crops, which a few days ago looked very promising. On some of the prairie

ries they are said to be sticking their eggs in the ground.

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

Alexandria, July 18.—Crops of all kinds are looking splendidly. Rye harvest already begun. Wheat will be ready for the sickle in about ten days. Grasshoppers have been flying over for a day or two past, but no damage is anticipated.

Wadena County. Wadena, July 18.—Crops in Wadena county are very promising. Wheat is well headed and maturing fast; will be ready to harvest in about ten days. The oats crop will be rather short—caused by the continued rains in June. Corn and potatoes are doing splendidly. New potatoes are now quite abundant. No grasshoppers have as yet made their appearance, and we apprehend no trouble from them this year.

The University Race. SARATOGA, N. Y., July 18.—About 15,000 people assembled at the lake this morning to witness the University boat race, set down for 10 A. M. The lake was smooth as glass. At 9:45 the first gun was fired; at 10:20 the second, and the starting gun at 10:45. All the boats got off handsomely together, the Columbia at the half mile taking the lead. Then Trinity made a spurt and overhauled the Columbia and at the end of the mile took the lead away from Yale, which in the first struggle had got ahead, but at that moment failed and fell behind; Princeton coming close on Trinity and the other crews about in line behind. At the mile and a half point Columbia came to the front again, with Harvard struggling sharply, the remainder making up their former positions. At the two mile point Columbia was still in advance, with Cornell making a sport to overtake her, and passed Harvard. At the two and a half mile point the Columbia was still ahead, with the Wesleyan, which now showed great vigor, pressing her sharply and steadily.

The last half mile was then one continuous exciting pull between Columbia, Wesleyan, Harvard, and Dartmouth, and they came in in that order, Columbia ahead about two lengths, and making the distance in 16 minutes and 50 seconds.

The winning crew was greeted with tremendous cheering. On reaching the shore Dr. Frank, the Captain and starter, was immediately surrounded by the crew and carried on their shoulders up the hill to the Moon's Lake House, but before reaching the house he had entirely recovered.

The scene following the race was one long to be remembered, and was only marred in its joyousness by the failure of Yale to participate beyond the mile point, at which place Yale was taking the lead with good prospect for keeping it.

A Curious Heirloom. A well-to-do farmer named Decker of Falls county, Mo., caught the Texas emigration fever last spring, and started down to Western Texas with his wife and four children and his household effects, all packed in emigrant wagons of the usual style. He passed through Salina the other day, returning to Falls county in one dilapidated wagon, drawn by broken-down horses, and one child fever.

His oldest daughter, a young lady of sixteen, was with the family party. "Why did they leave her behind?" a friend asked the way-worn father. He told a little story of his experience: "Lowell had settled in the wilds, four miles from any other white habitation, on a pleasant stream, beside a living spring. His oldest daughter went to the spring one day to get a bucket of water and never returned. The mother heard a wild scream and then the sound of galloping horses. She ran to the spring, but the girl was not there. The father was hunting, but soon returned, and discovered the tracks of about fifteen Indian ponies near the spot. Comanches, Mr. Decker gave the alarm and got together ten men on good horses, and the band started in pursuit of the savages. They came up with them, and a fight began. As soon as the fight began the girl was killed by her captors and scalped. All the Indians got away but three, and one of these the first of the band. They left these three Indians there, not wishing to be troubled with prisoners, and gave up the pursuit. The father buried his child near where she was killed, and returned, was with her scalp in his pocket. The family soon resolved to move out of Texas, and were pursuing their weary way toward Falls. The friend asked, 'What became of the scalp?' The mother pointed to a large chest in the wagon and said: 'It is there.' She opened the chest and produced a long lock of black hair, cut from the head of the dead, with about an inch and a half in diameter of the scalp attached. So they preserve and cherish their household gods.

COL. CARPENTER'S FIGHT. Dispatches from Caddis Indian Territory, dated Friday, say that Col. E. S. Cady, under Col. Carpenter, had a fight with a large body of Comanches, thirty miles west of Fort Sill, in which fight Col. Carpenter was badly wounded, and six of his men were killed. The Indian loss was unknown. After the fight the Indians came upon a stage house keeper and his wife and killed, scalped, skinned and most shockingly mutilated the body of the keeper in the presence of his wife. The woman was carried into captivity. The

The Bricklayers.
"Oh, to the top of the towering wall!"
"Is the master mason's rallying call?"
"To the scaffolding, boys, now merrily climb!"
"Is seven o'clock by the town bell's chime?"
Bring to your work good muscle and brawn;
And a keen, quick eye where the line is drawn;
Out with your saw-tempered blades of steel!
Smoother than glass from point to heel;
Now, steady and clear, from turret to port,
Ring out your challenge: "Mort! O mort!"
"Clunk! Clunk! Trowel and brick!"
Music with labor and art combine;
Brick upon brick, lay them up quick;
But lay to the line, boys, lay to the line!"

Cherry as crickets at the day long—
Lightening labor with laugh and song;
Busy as bees upon angle and pier,
Piling the red bricks tier upon tier;
Climbing and climbing still nearer the sun—
Prouder than kings of the work they have done!
Upward and upward the bricklayers go.

All men are but children and pigmies below;
While the master's order falls ringing and short,
O the staggering carrier: "Mort! O mort!"
"Clunk! Clunk! Trowel and brick!"
Music with labor and art combine;
Brick upon brick, lay them up quick;
But lay to the line, boys, lay to the line!"

Who are the peers of the best in the land—
Worthy "north arches of honor to stand"—
Loy of the brick-red-tinted, mortar-stained palms,
With shoulders of giants and stately forms,
Builders of cities and builders of homes—
Popping the sky up with spires and domes—
Writing thereon with their trowel and line
Legends of toil for the eyes of Time!
So that the ages may read, as they run,
All that their rugged might has done!
"Clunk! Clunk! Trowel and brick!"
Work by the master's word and sign—
"Brick upon brick, lay them up quick;
But lay to the line, boys, lay to the line!"

"OLD PIZEN."
The Fighting Horse of the Stan-
lees—A Little of the Early
History of the Senator Jones,
of Nevada

[From the Virginia City (Nev.) Enterprise.]

In the early days, many years ago, Senator Jones was engaged in mining on the Stanislaus River, California, at a place called Cherokee Flat. It was a small camp, containing scarcely more than a dozen habitations, all told. The most imposing structure in the camp was a boarding-house, owned by a Mr. Joggles, a Missourian. This Joggles was a man of sporting proclivities. He owned a vicious-looking bull-dog, with but one eye, whose nose was covered with scars, and whose front teeth were always visible, even when in the most friendly mood. This dog he was ready to back against any dog on the river for a fight. He also had two or three game roosters of whose prowess he was boastful. But his especial glory and pride was his fighting horse, a large, powerfully muscled, and exceedingly vicious "iron-chuck," which he called "Old Pizen." And "Pizen" he was to all four-footed creatures in that region; indeed, was so "mean" that he was almost poison in himself.

This fierce and unusual beast had taken possession of a large grassy flat, about half a mile above the camp, and would allow no other animal to come upon what he viewed as his private domain; nor, for the matter of that, to come anywhere near the camp. At Cherokee Flat, the old broncho was monarch of all he surveyed. He had whipped and run off every animal that had ever been brought to the camp. The miners several times swore vengeance against "Old Pizen," and would have shot him, but that they liked Joggles, and the son of Joggles delighted in Old Pizen, before they let him live.

Not content with compelling intruders the old broncho would chase them for miles, running them clear out of the country. The moment he saw a strange animal he laid back his ears and went for him using both heels and teeth.

About this Joggles didn't care a cent. When told of one of the exploits of the animal he would laugh in spite of himself, and would swear that Old Pizen was the "roughest fighter" boss of the Stanislaus.

And that he would "back him again any critter that ever wore hair." He would tell how a big American horse chased away by Old Pizen would find forty miles distant with his tail gnawed off to a mere stump. When he thought of the comical appearance the maimed horse must have presented with his little stump of a tail, Joggles would laugh till tears would run down his cheeks.

The fame of the "fighting horse" extended for miles around the camp. Prospector passing that way with pack animals were warned against him. "Beware of the fighting horse!" was the word through all that section of the country. Somewhere, the county seat of Tuolumne county, was the source whence the miners at Cherokee Flat drew their supplies of "grain" and other necessities. The town was fifteen or twenty miles distant, and the miners would occasionally go up there, order what they wanted, and have it "packed" down to their cabins.

One day J. P. Jones and one of his partners went up to Sonora to procure supplies for their company, known as the "Buckeye." They remained over night in town, intending to return the next day. In the morning, soon after they arose, they heard a terrible commotion in a livery stable just across the street from their hotel. Running over to ascertain the cause, they found that

A DIO SPANISH JACKASS
had found his way into the stable through a rear door, and was on the war-path among the horses. He had cleaned out several stalls almost at a dash, and then reached out for a powerful stallion. Here he found work to do. As Jones and partner entered a furious battle was raging, the horse using his heels and the jack his teeth. The horse being confined by a strong halter, the jack had rather the best of it. After tearing and mangling the

flanks of the horse frightfully, the furious jack, unmindful of the blows the stablemen were raining upon his back, suddenly crowded himself forward in the stall and seized the horse by the under lip. Here he held on like a bull-dog, the poor horse quivering in every muscle and moaning in agony.

One of the proprietors of the stable drew his revolver and was about to shoot the savage as, when his owner arrived and a fierce struggle ensued. The owner of the fighting jack drew his pistol, and for a time it looked as though there was likely to be "a man for breakfast."

Finally, however, the owner of the jack succeeded in getting him away from the trembling horse, and drove him out of the stable.

It now occurred to Mr. Jones that there was an animal that would make Old Pizen

BACK AT THE STOMACH.
A word of this thought to his partner, and they agreed, if possible, to secure the fighting jackass. Following the owner of the jack, they soon came to an understanding with him. They were told that the jack was a good pack animal, and as quiet as lamb when no horses were about. When he came where there were horses his whole nature changed, and he went for them with the fury of a tiger. The jack being an unusually powerful animal, the owner asked \$75 for him. Jones and partner agreed to run him a trip on trial, and gave the owner \$75, which was to be kept in case the jack returned within a certain time.

Having secured the fighting jack, Jones and partner packed him and started home in high feather. As soon as he was out of town, the jack became as docile and sleepy as any other old "burro" that ever trotted a trail. Before getting home the least became absolutely lazy, and Jones & Co. began to fear that of his own dunghill their jack of no account as a fighter.

It was about sundown when the men reached Cherokee Flat and drove up to the door of the "Buckeye Company's" cabin. The partners had quit work and came up from the bar. They were getting supper, but, for a time, discontinued the work of frying bacon and baking slap-jacks to come out and ask "J. P." and companion how they came by the big donkey.

In a few words as possible Jones made them acquainted with the character of the beast. When he had finished his account of the scene at the livery stable, every man of the Buckeye Company was firmly convinced that the big jack could "walk the log" of Old Nick himself; but

MEX WAS THE WORD.

No hint of the fighting qualities of the animal was to get out of the cabin.

Presently Joggles, whose boarding house was just across the street, espied the jackass, and came over to where he was being unpacked.

A smile struggled about the corners of his mouth as he came.

Walking up to the beast and eyeing him from stern to stern for a time, Joggles said: "Purty good chunk of a jackass. Bin buyin' him?"

"Well," said Jones, "I don't know. He has him on trial. We may buy him. He is big and strong, and seems nice and quiet—may be a trifle lazy."

Joggles, who seemed to be calculating about how many monthlies he would make for Old Pizen, at last said:

"Well, yes, he seems rather quiet."

Having unpacked the jack, one of the "boys" gave him a slap with a strap, as much as to say:

"You are now at liberty, old fellow; go off and enjoy yourself as you please."

"What?" cried Joggles, opening his eyes in amazement, "you ain't going to turn that jack loose here? The first thing you know he'll poke up off the flat where Old Pizen is. Then

WE'LL BE A DEAD JACK

as sure as you live! Why, you wouldn't make a mouthful for Pizen!"

"Well, I don't know," said Jones; "the jack is a very quiet old fellow, and I guess Old Pizen won't think him worth bothering with. Besides, the chances are that he will stay and pick about camp—won't find his way up to the camp at all."

"Well, just as you please," said Joggles, pretending some concern; but you know what Old Pizen is!"

"Yes, I know," said Jones; "but Pizen is getting old. I guess he don't think the fray as in his younger days. I shouldn't wonder, now, if the old jack were to whip him—in case they should get together," added Jones, laughing.

"What?" cried Joggles, turning red, "that blamed old jackass whip Pizen? Not much! I'll bet you \$100—yes, I'll bet you \$200—he can't whip one side of him! Come, now!"

"The trouble is," said Jones, "that the jack is in a strange place. He might not fight. However, he looks as though there might be some fight in him. If the two ever do get together, I rather think he will make it warm for the broncho."

"You do, eh?" said Joggles. "Well, I don't. Here, here, now—back up your opinion or take water. Here's \$200! I am willing to bet the animals alone—let them find their way to each other, and I bet this \$200 that, when they do meet, Old Pizen whips—that he eats your jack up alive! Come now, Pixley, here, shall hold the stakes. See me, see me! Come down! Two hundred goes that Pizen whips!"

This urged, "J. P." covered the coin in Pixley's hand, and once it was done a pleased man than Joggles was never seen on the Stanislaus. He thought he had won a handsome sum in one week.

The bet made, away ran Joggles to tell all the "boys" in camp what a dead thing he had on Jones; always winding up with—

"Old Pizen'll chew him up—chaw him up alive!" The last thing he said to his lodgers that night, before he went to bed, was, "Knowin' Pizen as he does, Jones must be goin' crazy. That jack'll be chawed up—chawed alive!"

All the evening the jack remained browsing about the camp, and the next morning was still there—standing with head down and eyes closed, dreamily moving his ears, and lazily switching his scanty tail.

Joggles smiled contemptuously every time he looked at the old jack. Standing on his porch, as the miners of the camp passed on their way down to their claims on the river, Joggles facetiously inquired whether any of them would like to back "That thar ferocious beast against Old Pizen for another \$200."

At last all the men of the camp were down on the river bank. About nine o'clock in the morning one of the men of the Buckeye Company happened to go from the bar up to the bank of the river for something. A moment after, grinning gleefully, he called out to those below: "The impatient Joggles is going to bring on the game. There'll be some fun before long; I see him starting the old jack along up the valley toward the flat. He's on the sly and is getting rather keen to see that fight."

Watching Joggles, he was seen in the edge of the timber throwing rocks to urge the jack to move up a streak of open ground that led to the flat between two groves of pines. Presently he came back and seated himself on his porch, getting up once in a while and stretching his neck to see if the jack was going in the right direction. He was dying to have the animals get together.

At last a man who had climbed upon the bank reported that the jack was not to be seen, and that he had no doubt gone over the ridge into the flat.

All was now excitement among the men, and two or three of them were constantly on the river-bank listening for sounds of the fray. Presently they cried out that

THE BATTLE WAS BEGUN.

All hands hastened to the top of the high, steep bank, whence was to be had a fair view of the open ground leading up to the ridge, beyond which lay the flat where roared the fighting horse. Although half a mile distant a terrible squealing and baying could be distinctly heard—cries of rage and pain from the contending animals. A great cloud of red dust could be seen rising from the ridge. This cloud, that told of the battle, moved to and fro; sometimes appearing to approach quite near to the crest of the ridge, then again to recede. All this time there was heard the most fearful squealing and baying imaginable—sometimes very distinctly, again more faintly, as the varying breeze wafted the sounds or the scene of the battle

Looking toward the camp, Joggles was seen jumping up and down, and running frantically about, evidently intensely excited. Soon he was observed to get a ladder, and mount the roof of his porch, and thence to climb to the top of his house, vainly stretching out his neck to obtain a view of the fight.

Now the cloud of dust was seen to rapidly approach the crest of the ridge, and soon it came whirling over it. Then were seen two dense clouds of dust, both rolling rapidly in the direction of the camp. Wild shouts and hoarse cries were heard. Swiftly the red clouds rolled on, and soon in the foremost the form of an animal could be seen. A puff of wind showed this to be the broncho—Old Pizen. At the distance of three or four hundred yards he behind rolled a rapidly-following cloud, and we have sometimes seen two small whirlwinds in playful mood. What was in this last could not be seen, but the "Buckeye" boys felt that their jackass was there!

Down into the camp charged the terrified broncho.

SPORTING WITH FEAR AT EVERY JUMP, and occasionally half turning his head in order to see if the terrible jack was still in pursuit. As the frantic horse tore through the camp with nostrils distended, mane flying in the wind, and tail sticking out straight behind, Joggles was heard shouting wildly from the roof of his house, "Whoa, Pizen! Whoa, Pizen!" But just at that moment there was no "whoa" in Old Pizen. Down through all the little town he came—making directly for the bar, as though in search of human assistance.

Straight on he came till he reached the bank of the river, here fully 20 feet in perpendicular height. At the brink he leaped, hesitating to take the fearful leap, and with eyes staring from their sockets, took one despairing look behind. Then came the venomous and indomitable jack, never breaking his steady, rolling gallop.

With outstretched neck, ears laid back, and scant tail whipping up and down with each bound on the ground. The old broncho erected his tail, took one more glance at his approaching foe, gave a snort of terror, and leaped from the bank down into the river. Luckily for him the water was deep. Rising to the surface he swam to the opposite shore, and came out all right on a bar that put out from the bank on that side. Here he halted, evidently thinking himself safe.

The jack thundered on, and came near plunging into the river before aware of its presence. But by bracing all aback till his haunches almost touched the ground, he came to a halt. But it was only for a moment. Seeing the old broncho on the other shore, he stretched out his neck, and, giving a diabolical "yee-haw," unhesitatingly plunged into the river and diligently

STUCK OUT FOR THE HORSE.

This reckless and energetic persistence on the part of the enemy was evidently unexpected to the broncho. He gazed for a few moments at the jack, as he rose to the surface and began swimming—gazed as though thunderstruck at the fearful energy displayed by the little beast—then tossing his tail aloft and giving a tremendous snort, he dashed away down the river at the top of his speed.

The jack was soon over the narrow stream. On landing he snuffed the ground a moment, then raising his head and catching a glimpse of the fleeing horse, away he sped in keen pursuit.

A bend in the river soon hid the animals from view. As the men were still standing gazing after them, a great crash was heard. More than one voice then cried: "The gulch! the gulch! By Heaven! they have both gone into Devil's Gulch!"

What was referred to as "Devil's Gulch" was a narrow ravine, with rocky, perpendicular walls which put into the river about 50 yards below the bank.

"Something fell into the gulch, sure," cried the man, "and it must have been either the horse or jack, or both."

All now started for a crossing some distance up the river, in order to go down the other shore and see what had happened. Joggles, who had before this descended from the roof of his house, now came puffing and blowing across the flat, and joined the party from the river, fifteen or twenty men in all, as they came from several claims.

"—A JACKASS, ANYHOW!"

It was all that Joggles said as he came up with the crowd. As all knew his feelings, no one said a word.

"D—n a jackass!" he several times muttered as they moved down the river after having crossed over.

Rounding the bend, they came in full view of the gulch. There, upon its rocky brink, stood the jack. With outstretched neck he was gazing intently into the chasm below. His ears were looped forward, as though to shade his eyes and give him a clearer view of what lay at the bottom of the gulch. The sound of approaching footsteps at length attracted his attention. Turning his head and seeing the party drawing near, he moved back from the brink of the precipice, gave his tail a flourish, and uttered a series of triumphal "yee-haws!"

Looking down into the chasm the men beheld lying at the bottom—motionless in death—Old Pizen, the fighting horse of the Stanislaus. His head was doubled under him—his neck was broken.

When he came up out of the gulch, after having ascertained this fact, Joggles was deadly pale. Drawing and cocking his six-shooter, he advanced toward the party and said: "John P. Jones,

YOU KNOW WHAT THAT JACKASS WAS. DON'T SPEAK. LET NO MAN HERE SPEAK A WORD."

With this he turned suddenly to where the jack stood with head down, moping sulkily, and sent a bullet through his brain. The least felt without a moan, when Joggles advanced and deliberately emptied the contents of his revolver into his carcass. He then seized it by the ears, dragged it to the brink of the precipice, and tumbled it down upon the body of the old broncho, saying:

"As you are the only thing that ever whipped him, I—n me, you shall lie and rot with Old Pizen—Old Pizen, the Fifth Horse of the Stanislaus."

KEEPING COOL.

Suggestions on a Timely Topic.
[Shirley Dare in the Golden Age.]

There is an art in this as in most things, whose discovery would make three months in the year tolerable which are now nearly as good as wasted. Many people find the summer hot time, in which they carry on a struggle for mere existence with heat, laziness, and impatient disease. Children are fractious, though it would never do to say that grown folks are so too, when the glass marks 55 degrees in the shade. Servants are cross, and fail to get on with their work, men find it hard to fix their minds on business, and mothers! what pen shall tell what they endure through the time of tribulation between July and September? Their trials are only exceeded by those of the babies.

Grown folks first, since their troubles are more tangible than those of children, and the remedy lies wholly in their own hands to make short work of it. Nobody can be cool in the heat, or in the twenty onces of morbid matter in the veins, raging in heart-beats, irritating the nerves, and weakening the frame. And nobody can call himself in a healthy state when the mind is not as tranquil in the morning as when he went to sleep, or when the breath is not sweet as a rose, and the skin perfectly clear. One may be able to do a day's work without positive discomfort, walk 2 or 3 miles, and study to suit himself, yet by these slight indications manifest the body economy is out of order. Accompanying these are other slight signs, more marked in their annoyance, headache when one goes in the sun, an irritable feeling of the skin without any "breaking out," beyond a rare pimple, together with a fullness in the veins of the head after exertion. I believe in the old-fashioned cure for purifying the blood in spring as much as I do in spring housekeeping. These symptoms which together make up the sum of discomfort, rise from impure blood, whose removal would leave the body cool, and strong enough to resist the latitude of hot days. This one test, the breath, is enough to determine the state of the system. In its highest state of health, the human body, delicately cared for, yields an odor like that of a flower, subtle yet attractive.

WHAT TO EAT.

It is worse than useless to dose oneself constantly. Nature will soon drive all morbid natures out if none but pure ones are put in. The best remedy for headaches, stupid feelings, want of sweetness in the mouth, weak eyes, and irritable skin is to eat fruit. From the time of lemons and pine plant, to cherries and currants, and sharp-roasted grapes, it should form not only part, but the principal part, of every meal for persons with these symptoms. People don't know how to eat fruit. They put it on their tables like a condiment, when it should take as much place as bread, or meat, not to say more than either. One does not want much hearty food in warm weather; the store of flesh laid up in cool weather is enough to supply; but light meals, fish and chicken, with unlimited salads and fruits should furnish the fare. Pie? No thank you, nor cake, save of the spongy order, and only the best of bread. But for breakfast a pint of berries and they are picked over for dinner a plate heaped with cherries, for supper a double portion of berries again. You will not want much besides very likely, but you will wonder why your head feels so much brighter, and your body so light, while the weather seems to have changed, and a breeze sprung up from the northwest, of your own fancy. Only one caution need be observed, not to eat two kinds of fruit at the same meal, or soon after each other.

ABOUT BATHING.

There is an art in bathing, too. The sponge bath of cool water, suffered to partly

dry before wiping, leaves the skin cold, and if linen is worn as it should be, next the body by those who suffer with heat, the delicious coolness will last for hours. When the blood is heated, cold baths are dangerous, and a sponge bath hot as can be borne leaves one cooler than if dipped in ice-water. Try this when you step from a railway journey, covered with dust, and feeling as if the blood boiled in the top of your head. The moment after a plunge into cold water one is warm with the reaction. After a hot bath a gentle, restful coolness takes possession and does not change for two or three hours. If you want a cool temperature quickly, all you have to do is to lay a wet sponge on the back of the neck. This is the great nerve-centre from which the sense of coolness flows over the body, and in a moment, matter how gasping warm one is, a delightful shiver runs over one like that felt at the first fall of rain. People who work in hot rooms should keep a sponge and basin of water at hand, applying cold frequently to the back of the neck. Cooks will find this little prescription of advantage. The sponge should be laid on the wrists and behind the ear to cool the blood which courses through the arteries there, and spread the coolness over the body. I hope everybody knows enough of this time not to venture into the hot sun without a wet sponge in their hats, on the top of their heads. A grape leaf is not as good a protection, for it does not send off evaporation as a wet cloth or sponge does, and cannot keep this sensitive portion of the brain cool. The sponge may be suspended by cords over the head and used to cool the head, but it will not fall out any time when the hat is carelessly removed.

THINGS TO TAKE.

Simple prescriptions aid in cooling the blood. Lemonade, ice cold, made by adding a cup of lemon juice to twice as much water, sweetened to taste, is a good corrective of the blood. A drink made by pouring boiling water on cream of tartar, allowing it to stand till cool, is an excellent febrifuge. The simplest and most effective purifier of the blood is charcoal in impalpable powder. A teaspoonful, mixed either with water or honey, should be taken on rising, followed at night by a mild cathartic. The charcoal should be mixed matter from the stomach, just as it does from water or air, but, if allowed to remain in the system, is no better than a ball of poison. Charcoal is now a favorite remedy with eminent physicians on the Continent, and there is a form of it in lozenges mixed with sugar and gum, that is easily taken, for acidity of the stomach, or for food. This is sold by the name of "Pastilles du Belloc," and is worth the whole race of blood purifiers and pills. I don't believe in continually dosing, but the knowledge of a common remedy like this often saves one from complicated disorders. To strengthen feeble systems, and to keep the blood pure, a spoonful of ammonia added to every gallon of water. It is the next thing to a sea bath, hardening the flesh, stimulating, strengthening and soothing at the same time. That frightful scourge, prickly heat, and all "rashes" and irritations of the skin instantly soothe and subside with a quarter of an ounce of glycerine to two ounces of rose water, to which fifteen drops of good carbolic acid is added. This keeps the mosquito bites at bay. The mixture is well shaken, and applied with a sponge or cloth, letting it dry on. I have known patients sleep after this lotion was used, and the itching subsided in a matter of minutes. This may be used on babies, diluted with half an ounce more of rose water.

I hope women all know enough to leave their corsets off this warm weather, and substitute a linen waist or a ventilating corset. The present fashion of loose robes, flaring at the ankles, and open at the waist, is a good thing. In short, wear linen next the skin, live chiefly on fruit, protect the head from the sun, use frequent and regular bathing, and you will not have a marked change in the seasons, or at least in your manner of bearing them.

Will Farming Pay?
[From Chicago Tribune Agricultural Correspondent.]

CHICAGO, June 29, 1874.

Mr. "RURAL"—Sir: One of my boys desires to become a farmer, instead of going into business in the city. What I would like to know is, can he take \$10,000 cash, and lay it out in land and other needs, and with his labor make it pay as well as the same sum in ordinary business?

P. W. S.

I suppose the question to be settled, is farming as profitable, all things considered, with the same capital, the same industry, integrity, and skill, as other departments of trade or business?

The young man who goes into either without experience will be very liable to make a failure; but, if he has had a good business training, is industrious, and has ordinary tact, he may venture on a farm, as he will soon learn to do the work, and, for the time, can follow the advice of some neighbor who makes farming a success, and, after a year or two, will be able to do his own thinking and managing. In order to come to a better understanding of the subject, we might take a look at farming as it is. First, I will begin with

AN 800-ACRE FARM.

about 3 miles from the village. It is owned by a farmer who has owned it for some eighteen years, and improved it mainly for a grain-farm. All the labor has been done by hired men. For a large sum it is very desirable; but Mr. P., the owner, says that it is too large to be profitable, or rather, as a grain and fruit farm, requires too much labor and too much looking after. If a man of moderate means has a love for rural affairs, there is no reason why he cannot make as good a living with the same labor as can be done in trade or in mechanical business; but, when we come to the question of large fortunes that the few accumulate, we must turn our attention to speculation; a field in which thousands lose small fortunes, and the few gather them in.

This 800-acre farm of Mr. P. is estimated at \$100 per acre, and would sell for about \$70,000 per acre, or, say, \$50,000. Now, the interest on this would be, at 10 per cent., \$5,000, taxes on land and stock, say \$300; repair of fences, buildings and pruning, say \$500; making a total of \$6,000 income to be made in order to pay 10 per cent. on the value.

THE INCOME.

is, first, 550 acres of corn, that is leased for a rent of 15 bushels of corn per acre

—the corn is to be put in cribs on the farm—this amounts to 8,250 bushels of corn, which, at 80 cents per bushel in the crib, would be \$6,600; 120 acres of meadow, that will turn, say, a ton to the acre, as the hay is light this season, at a value, as it stands in the field, of \$4 per ton—making \$480; 280 acres of cherries from a young cherry orchard of 10 acres, of 2,000 trees, \$320 net on the trees. This gives us \$3,375. The remainder must be made out of 30 head of cattle, 15 head of horses, and 50 head of hogs, and 1,000 to 1,500 bushels of apples. It would not be possible to bring the whole up to the \$6,000, to say nothing in regard to the capital invested in teams, stock, implements and superintendence. So we can see that a large, high-priced farm will hardly reach an income of 10 per cent. and give the owner his house rent and garden sauce tree. There are also oats, and wheat and potatoes; but all of these will no more than pay the hired labor.

Men who have large sums to invest will do better to put them in other business than to purchase high-priced farms and to run them for profit; for the farm appears designed as

A NON-STEADY OR NO-FAVOR AREA.

at least not much beyond the labor of the family. After many years of experience, Mr. P. proposes to sell off all but 200 acres of this farm, asking \$60 per acre, making three good-sized farms each, with a house and small orchard to each farm. One of these pieces or farms contains 100 acres, and has a young orchard and a good farm house. The rent of this is 1,500 bushels of corn, which, at 30 cents, is \$450. Call the land \$60 per acre; interest at 6 per cent. would be, for \$6,000, \$360; taxes \$40; repairs, say \$50; total, \$450; giving an income of 6 per cent. We will suppose that the farmer puts on stock and tools to work it himself; he ought, to make, above the interest, \$450, and repairs, \$1,000 per annum, which is a fair remuneration for the labor of himself and family, and would leave him about \$500 to rely on for the payment of the land per annum, or twelve years in which to pay for the land, provided that he had all the outfit, such as team, cows and tools. The farmer who worked it on his own account would not put it all in corn, as now, but have a more mixed system of crops, yet such as would be equal to that of corn.

With ordinary farming, no man can, for a series of years, make 10 per cent. per annum on land costing \$60 per acre. Fortunes that have been made on these large farms have come mainly from the rise of the value, and not from the cropping of the land. Most people who buy farms look forward to the rise in value; but, when ordinary farms cost \$60 per acre, there is not much rise to be anticipated, and the income must come from the management of the soil.

In order to make a good investment of the \$10,000 as proposed, the GREAT CARE MUST BE TAKEN IN THE SELECTION.

And the land, with its buildings, orchard, fences, and well planted lawn and garden, should not cost over \$60 per acre, say five miles from a good ready market, and reaching \$100 close up to the town plat. I am aware that there are small figures as compared to the asking prices; but, as an investment by which the farmer is to make 6 per cent. on his capital, it is high enough.

While our estimate of the profit of farming may not be flattering to the great mass of the people, yet it is high enough to place it on a par with other departments of business. I have known a farmer superintendent to receive \$4,000 per annum, with a good house and a garden extra; but these places do not turn up very often. Last week the University of Chicago voted its President and Chancellor a salary of \$5,000 each; but no others need apply, for the places are filled. Below these positions are professors, tutors, and laborers, running down in the scale as low as \$1.50 per day; and, if we will take the average income of the farmer, we shall find it fully up to the standard of all others. Few of the men who go into business pursue, or the law, the pulpit, or the schools, become eminent, though many of them at the time are sanguine of success. The fact is, we are too impatient and cannot bide our time, nor can we easily divert ourselves of the idea that

there is a ROYAL ROAD TO FORTUNE that all can travel. Yet the thing is out of the question. If we have \$10,000 invested in good safe mortgages at ten per cent., the interest comes right along, sleeping or waking, rain or shine, without further effort on our part. If we have the same sum invested in a farm, we may have to add our labor and our care in order to obtain the same income, and then taxes may reduce this to some extent.

It can be seen that, in investing \$10,000 in farming in a proper manner, the risk is no greater than in other departments of business.

A Grange Funeral.
[From the Rochester Post.]

Mrs. Volz, a notice of whose death is published elsewhere, was a member of Rochester Grange No. 275, P. of H., and was buried under the auspices of that Grange, in conformity to the ritual of the Order, on Monday last. Religious services were conducted at the residence of the deceased, Rev. Mr. Fulkerson and Rev. Mr. Buchholz, officiating. Mr. Fulkerson first offered prayer, after which he preached a short discourse. Mr. Buchholz then made a few remarks, and closed the services at the house by prayer.

The services at the grave were as follows: The coffin being placed over the grave, an address was given by Master Westfall, followed by an address by the chaplain, Mrs. Westfall. All the members then joined in repeating the Lord's Prayer, after which a hymn was sung by the choir. While singing, the brethren advanced and deposited evergreens in the empty grave. The coffin was then lowered, when other remarks were made by the chaplain. Another hymn was then sung, during which the sisters advanced and deposited evergreens and bouquets on the coffin. The Master now, in the name of Rochester Grange, bade the deceased good-bye, and with his hand sprinkled earth on the coffin. The Master and brethren then advanced and deposited evergreens and bouquets on the coffin. This concluded the ceremonies.

—Advices from Peshtigo, Wis., state that large fires are raging in the woods near that place, threatening to destroy immense quantities of crops near by. Fires are also reported further north.

Eyes and Cold Water.

The American Journal of Health and Medicine says:—The aquatic fur has become so general, that for the simple reason that

MINNEAPOLIS FARMERS' MUTUAL Fire Association, OF MINNEAPOLIS,

Has been in operation eight years and a half, and has insured over one hundred thousand dollars of property. It is a purely farmers' company, controlled by farmers, for the benefit of farmers, and its rates are charged by any other company doing business in the State.

Its Principles.
The company is organized on the basis of mutual insurance, each party insured paying only his proportion of the actual loss and expenses.

Patrons of Husbandry.
It has now passed under the control of the Patrons of Husbandry, having been recommended by the State Grange at its last session, every officer and all but three of the directors being members of the Grange.

President, J. Q. FARMER, of Spring Valley, Ellsworth county.
Vice-President, H. O. L. PARSONS, of Wagoner, Wagoner county.
Clerk, H. O. L. PARSONS, of Wagoner, Wagoner county.
Secretary, W. A. NIMOCKS, of Minneapolis, Minn.
For full information respecting the company and its workings, apply to Paul Dickson or to W. A. NIMOCKS, Sec'y.

KENNING BROS. CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

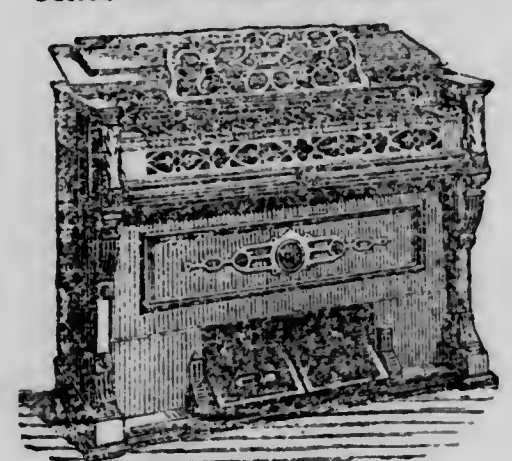
Manufacturers of Doors, Sash, Fronts, Flooring, Siding and all kinds of mouldings and planing and sawing done to order.

Also
Carpenters and Builders
Doors and window frames made to order.

Those wanting buildings erected, or any work done, unexcelled above, had better give us a call before going elsewhere. Work done cheap and guaranteed to be of first class quality.

KENNING & BROS.

The "SILVER TONGUE" ORGANS The best ORGANS of the world CLASS IN THE WORLD.



The Best for Churches and Lodges.
The Best for Sunday Schools.
The Best for Parlors and Vestries.
The Best for Academies and Colleges.
The Best for Public Halls.
The Best for Orchestral and Stage.

These instruments, which for sweetness of tone and elegance of appearance stand unrivalled, have met with unprecedented success in every country and abroad.

MANUFACTURED BY
E. P. NEEDHAM & SON
ESTABLISHED IN 1846.

No. 144, 145 & 147 East 2nd St., N. Y.
Responsible parties applying for agencies in sections still unoccupied, will receive prompt attention and liberal inducements. Parties residing at a distance from our authorized agents, may order from our factory. Send for illustrated price list.

WASHINGTON HOUSE.

CHASKA MINN.
JOHN KERKER, Propr.

Board by the day or week for reasonable prices. First class saloon attached. Good stabling attached to the premises. Travelers will find themselves at home with me.

WAGONS' WAGONS'

JOSEPH ESS.

Has now on hand and is constantly manufacturing

LUMBER WAGONS, LIGHT DOUBLE AND SINGLE WAGONS AND BUCKIES.

He will sell cheap and guarantee satisfaction to his customers.
Those in need of any thing in his line will do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.
All kinds of repairing done on short notice. Call at his shop. The large brown colored two story building just above Bartholm's Saloon Chaska, Minn.

DR. E. H. LEWIS.
OFFICE FOR PRACTICE OF
Medicine and Surgery.

G. A. DUTCH'S DRUG STORE
CARVER INN.

HOME ITEMS

HERALD AGENT CARVER—G. A. DUTCH
Minneapolis & St. Louis
Railway.

Trains going North, depart,
7:00 P. M., 8:00 A. M., 8:25 P. M.,
S. W. LUSK, Agent.

H. & D. TRAINS.
Going West, 10:00 P. M. Going East, 4:05 A. M.

Shakopee, Chaska & Carver
accommodation Trains.

CONNECTING WITH ALL TRAINS ON SIOUX CITY R.

Going West, 8:25 A. M. Going East, 8:45 A. M.

10:00 A. M. 2:00 P. M. 5:10 P. M.

6:00 P. M. Trains arrive and depart from the Chaska depot as follows:

Going North, 5:55 A. M. 8:25 P. M.

Going South, 8:25 A. M. 5:25 P. M.

Board of Equalization.—The County Board of Equalization is now in session. Under the new law they find the laborers imposed upon them more difficult and perplexing than they had expected. The assessors in some of the towns of the county following the custom prevailing heretofore, have assessed property at less than one fourth of its value while in town at least—see refer to Carver, the assessor has assessed the property at near its value. The County is undoubtedly able to dispose of the matter in a just and proper manner.

Removal of the Flour Mill.—Reidell & Co., are about to remove their large Steam Flour Mill from this place to Owatonna. We regret that this is the case. The cause of the removal as we are informed by Mr. Reidell is the difficulty the company have in getting a sufficient amount of wheat to keep the mill running all of the time Chaska is a good wheat market but Minneapolis controls it, and uses nearly all of the wheat sold here. Reidell thinks that he can do better at a point more distant from Minneapolis, and in this he is perhaps correct.

Horses and Cattle.—On last Saturday night the Pound Master, Mr. Gottlieb Schubert made a raid on the cattle and horses found in the streets of the village. He made a large haul and proved himself a very efficient officer. Some complaint was made by those who were unfortunate enough to have cows or horses in the Pound on Sunday morning, because more notice of the intention of Mr. Schubert to do his duty as an officer was not given. He was not obliged to give any notice, and we presumed will be satisfied by most of the people in this town, even if he did commence a little harsh.

Missed against her will.—A married woman from Waconia entered a complaint against a young man from that town for forcibly kissing her several times against her will. Judge Sargent issued a warrant and the offender was arraigned before him on Tuesday. The defendant having a high regard for the interests of the tax payers of the county insisted that the complainant give security for cost of prosecution. This she could not do and the kissing defendant was allowed to depart in peace, happy in the knowledge that he can kiss any woman he pleases, whether she likes it or not, if she is too poor to give security for cost.

Improvements.—Christ Eler is putting up a piazza in front of his house and saloon. It is large and stylish. When Christ does any thing he does it well. Theodore Rudiger is doing the work and understands his business.

New Saloon.—Otto Nagel has rented the saloon at Concordia Hall. The Tonically and pleasant grove ad joining the Hall make Nagel's saloon a place of popular resort.

Settled.—The appeal taken by J. G. Loy from the assessment of damages to his land, by the Chaska and Waconia road has been dismissed by Mr. Loy. The damages claimed by Mr. Loy was paid by Mr. Riedeler and other parties interested in the road.

Full of Business.—Sheriff Dutto and his deputies are kept busy most of the time serving papers issued from Judge Sargent's Court, and in attendance upon that Court.

Ask your druggist for Death to Pain! It will cure you of all your pains. Used internally and externally. Use freely—it is fair your money will be refunded.

Peter Pitt will soon supply his customers with Milwaukee Beer. Peter understands his business, and will not allow any one to go ahead of him.

Great Lumber Sale.

The Sheriff will sell at public auction, at the lumber yard of Andre's Schrimpf of Chaska, a very large lot of lumber of assorted kind, on Saturday August 8th 1874. Farmers and others in want of lumber, should be on the ground as they are assured of good bargains. Sale cash.

COUNTY POLITICS.

There seems to be but little interest taken in politics, in this county this year. The only county officer to be elected next fall is County Auditor.

Leonard Streukens the present incumbent will be the democratic nominee, and will be re-elected.

A State Senator is also to be elected from this County next fall. Hon. Chas. H. Lienau of Watertown is the only candidate for the democratic nomination we have heard of thus far. It is rumored that H. R. Denny of Carver, or J. A. C. Flood of Watertown will be the Republican Candidate for Senatorial honors.

In the Waconia Representative District if we are correctly informed, J. G. Metzold of Waconia, and David G. Wetmore of Watertown are Candidates for the democratic nominee.

Whether Hon. John True who faithfully represented that Dist. last winter is a Candidate for reelection we have not been informed.

In the Carver Dist. we have heard the name of Robt. Patterson named as the probable democratic nominee. He says however that he is not a candidate.

The course pursued by Mr. Patterson as a member of the County Board proves him to be an able and faithful officer. He would make a good Representative.

In the Chaska Dist. we have heard the name of Candidate named, although we presume that Mr. Hart on will be renominated if he desires to be.

ITEMS FROM NEWWOOD.

Henry Stockman has his new store enclosed and will be ready to occupy in a few days.

James Slocum Jr. has built a neat and substantial barn on the west end of his lots.

The Hartell Bros. will commence building an addition to their shop in a few days.

L. Parks and the irrepressible Sandquist have been making extensive improvements upon their residences, which very much improves the appearance of the north side of the village.

Carl Smith of Waconia has purchased lots and will build a business house this fall.

Twenty eight registered letters were sent from this office, and \$49.95 worth of stamps sold during the last quarter, a pretty good showing for an office not 6 months old.

The Post Master General has ordered this a distributing office for Young America and Plato.

Tilly one for Young America—this time it is a sixteen pounder—son to Julius Ackerman.

Personal.—W. F. Mason of Mason and Fuller State Agents for the old reliable North Western Life Insurance Company arrived with us a few days.

He took some half dozen or more applications, ranging in amounts from one to \$6,000 each.

No better investment can be made than a Life Policy in some reliable Company.

James Slocum Jr. and family left on Monday last for Iowa, on a brief vacation.

They will probably visit Milwaukee and Chicago on their return.

H. W. Busse the live insurance man of Carver was greeting his many friends here the past week.

Harvesting in this vicinity is fully under way, the wheat will be a full average crop, although some late sown has shrunk on account of the extreme heat of the past few days. Other crops are looking splendid, with many a hope for a good yield.

Young America, July 22d '74.
ED. HERALD.

Very true says Mr. W. H. Mills in your last issue that the old system of assessing the property of the county is not only demoralizing but also unjust to individuals in many cases.

Of the injustice and inequality one assessment in the returns will convince every one of the necessity of reform in this department. Most of the readers know the new built store of James Slocum in the celebrated and important town of Newwood. It is one of the most magnificent and largest stores in the county; it cost the proprietor, as he says, about \$50,000. It is recorded as \$300,000. This amount was to high yet; the assessor should put it down for \$300,000. When such cases are possible—when shrewd and unscrupulous men of the county have the opportunity to wrong others, as they find it beneficial to their pocket, the system must be reformed.

This has been done except by some of our assessors. Although they were required by law to assess the real value

they worked in the good old style.

Usually they recorded about one third of it, but in the above case it is not quite one twelfth. Every honest man will wish a fair investigation by our county board of equalization, for the benefit of each taxpayer, as well as for the reputation of the county in the State.

conveyance of Real Estate on record from July 22d to July 29th A. D. 1874.

W. Deed. Rogers A. Howe to Lucius and Emmons L. How Und. S. 1/2 part of lots 14 Chaska and S. 1/2 of S. 1/2 S. 21 T. 116 R. 25 and a strip 6x 32 feet and S. 1/2 of S. 1/2 T. 115 R. 25. \$2,000.00

Q. C. Deed. Lucius and Emmons Howe to James H. Mayall a strip 16x 32 feet and S. 1/2 of S. 1/2 T. 115 R. 25. 100.00

W. Deed. Minnesota Valley R. R. Co. to Louis Hye. 1/2 of NW 1/4 and lot 1 S. 17 T. 115 R. 25. 354.00

W. Deed. Frederick Greiner to John S. Fetzer ne 1/4 of ne 1/4 S. 18 T. 115 R. 25. 750.00

W. Deed. Wm. Helldriegel to John Helldriegel SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 and NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 S. 30 T. 116 R. 25. 1.00

W. Deed. Peter Swenson to Peter M. Johnson and Chas. Songren lot 1 and 1/2 of NW 1/4 and 3/4 of NW 1/4 of S. 18 T. 115 R. 25. 3,000.00

W. Deed. John Sommerfeld to Ernst Mills ne 1/4 of NW 1/4 and W 1/2 of W 1/2 of NW 1/4 of S. 18 T. 115 R. 25. 1,800.00

W. Deed. James Gratten to Nelson Mattson NW 1/4 S. 17 T. 117 R. 25. 2,000.00

W. Deed. John Moltz to Mathias Moltz ne 1/4 of SE 1/4 and SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 S. 13 T. 115 R. 25. 700.00

Carver Items.

PERSONAL.—F. C. Riebe of Glencoe, who had his leg amputated some weeks ago, was in town on Monday to see Dr. Lewis, under whose care he has been for some time. He is mending fast and will soon be in good shape again.

Thomas Crosby Esq., a heavy cattle dealer of Fort Snelling was in attendance at the fair on Saturday.

Our old friends, J. H. Johnson, Constantine Pugherty, H. A. Hanchfield, Ed. Oulaby, Chas. Bachmann, G. Deuss and others called during the week. It was a very pleasant surprise.

An Am. Greenback was in town on Monday, calling upon his customers.

Samuel Fowler and Sylvester Kipp, two prominent Attorneys of our neighboring City, Henderson, were in town last week on business.

Jas. Lovejoy Esq., a prominent Lumber dealer of Minneapolis, was upon our streets on Monday.

Jos. Weinman of Fort Snelling was visiting his friends in Carver on Monday.

Lottery.—Christ Goetz's Grand Gift Enterprise came off on last Saturday evening at the town Hall, in the presence of a large audience. Every thing was conducted in a square manner, and all were satisfied. Every number drew a prize, some being very good ones. One went to tripping the "light fantastic toe," and enjoying themselves hugely, all went "merry as a Marriage Bell," until about four o'clock, when the party disbanded feeling that it was "good to be there."

Smash up.—Dr. Falls horse, thinking perhaps that he needed exercise, concluded to try rail roading, and on Friday morning started from the Drs. residence and ran down the Minneapolis track at a furious rate, the consequence being, that the Dr. "picked up his buggy, in a bachel basket."

Insurance.—H. W. Busse Esq. the live insurance man of this vicinity, is doing a rushing business. People now see the necessity of insuring, and Busse is just the man to do with. His office is at Carver, near Engquist's store, and is Chaska, at the Carver County Bank.

Remember—the County fair in September.

In Session.—The Hon. Board of County Commissioners are in session this week, endeavoring to equalize the Taxes between the different towns of the County.

Conventions.—Shakopee seems to be favored this year, in the shape of Conventions, the Democratic and Republican, both having issued calls for their District Conventional Conventions to be held at that place, on the 9th and 10th of September next.

Candidates.—We already hear the names of several persons, mentioned in connection with the different offices to be filled this fall. Isn't it rather early?

Shipped.—Capt. Mills Agr. of the Minneapolis Depot, shipped to St. Paul and Minneapolis, on Saturday three ear loads of corn, most of them being bought at the Carver fair.

Building. Anton Knoblauch Esq. the leading wheat merchant of Carver, is putting up a large ware house just on the back of the Minneapolis Rail Road. It is to be a fine building, having the roof of iron.

Money to loan, apply to Geo. A. Dutoit.

Martin Steger, we are glad to hear is improving.

Jac. Hasche has a beautiful pair of ponies for sale.

H. R. Denny wants a good German clerk.

Carver now supports two first class butchers.

Judge Lienau was in town during the week on business.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given to the public that my wife Caroline Alford this day left my bed and board without just cause or provocation and that I shall pay no debts of her contracting on and after this date.

Carver July 22d 1874.

Wm. ALFORD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Carver. }
District Court, 8th Judicial Dist.
Margaret Longe Plaintiff against Ferdinand Longe Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendant:
You Ferdinand Longe are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action a copy of which is herewith served upon you and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the undersigned, at his office in Watertown, Carver County Minnesota within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded therein.

Dated Watertown July 7th 1874.
ERNEST HAXLIN,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Watertown Minn.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Carver. }
In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of T. B. McCarty deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Harriet A. McCarty of Hennepin County representing, among other things, that T. B. McCarty late of Carver County died on the 10th day of September A. D. 1874, in the U. S. Army died in testate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this County, and that the said Harriet is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to her granted, it is ordered that a petition be heard before the Judge of this Court, on Tuesday the 10th day of August A. D. 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Court Rooms in said County.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Valley Herald a weekly newspaper printed and published at Chaska in said County.

Dated at Chaska the 7th day of July A. D. 1874.

By the Court,
C. H. LIENAU,
Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Names of Mortgagees, George Pabst, and his wife, signed J. H. Johnson, Clerk of said County, Henry E. Seymour of St. Albans, Vermont.

The Mortgage dated the first day of December 1869, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Carver County, Minnesota, the 10th day of December 1869, at ten o'clock A. M. in book "C" of Mortgages, pages 588 and 589.

Description of the premises Mortgaged: The east half of the south east quarter, and the south west quarter of the south east quarter, and lot four of section thirteen (13) in Township thirty one north and seventeen (17) of Range twenty-one (21) containing 156 acres of land, more or less, being in said County.

Notice is hereby given that said Mortgage is due and payable on said day of July A. D. 1874.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned proprietors and residents of Carver in said county of Carver, State of Minnesota, will apply to the County of Carver, State of Minnesota, 8th Judicial District for said county of Carver, on the first day of the next regular Term thereof, to be held at the court house at Chaska, in said county on the 5th day of October A. D. 1874 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as the parties can be heard for an order of said court vacating all that part of "Line Street" lying between blocks twenty-seven (27) and twenty-eight (28) as described upon the recorded plat of carver as surveyed by J. C. Husted in the year A. D. 1877.

July 1st 1874.
Wm. A. Griffin,
H. R. Denny,
A. Knoblauch,
A. G. Anderson,
John Fink,
John Denny,
Levi H. Griffin,
FRANK WARNER,
Attys. for Applicants.

John Frank

Merchant Tailor

AND
DEALER IN

Ready Made Clothing, Cloths, and GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Clothing made to order on short notice. Good work guaranteed and cheap for cash.

Shop next door to Chaska House, 2d Street.

CHASKA MINN.

MONITOR HOUSE.

WEST Minneapolis MINN.

HERBERT BLOCK, 3rd Street.

This hotel is newly furnished and centrally situated, with good stabling attached, offers superior attraction to the travelers and boarders.

FRANK DARR.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the District Court for the County of Carver in the State of Minnesota, on the 1st day of July A. D. 1874 against and in favor of plaintiff in said case, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction at the front door of the court house in the village of Chaska in said county of Carver on the 11th day of September A. D. 1874 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, of the following described real estate and personal property, being and being said county county to-wit: The south west quarter (1) of the north east quarter (1) of section five (5) in Township twenty four (24) and Range (11) of Range twenty four (24) as the property of said defendant and judgment debtor, to pay and satisfy said judgment and execution with interest and cost thereon.

Dated July 29th 1874.

F. E. DUTOIT, Sheriff,
Carver County Minn.

NOTICE.

The co partnership heretofore existing between F. E. Dutoit and Frank Darr has been dissolved and the business will hereafter be conducted by Mr. Darr at the old stand. Those desiring any thing in the Book and Shoe line will not fail to give Mr. Darr a call.

Wm. ALFORD.

Wagons!

Have Just Received a Car Load of the Celebrated Milburn Wagons!

FOR SALE!

Hardware, Stores and Tinware of Every description.

Cheap! Lash. Store on 2d Street.

CHASKA MINN.

P. HENK.

JOHN SNELL

DEALER IN

Furniture!!

Looking Glass, Chairs, tables, Bedsteads &c.

ALSO

PHOTOGRAPHING.

I can keep on hand all kinds of colls. I constantly keep on hand Sewing Machine.

CARVER MINN.

JOHN MATHEIS' CARPET HOUSE.

Carpets!

Wall Papers and Window Shades, Damask, Lace and Muslin Curtains.